

M.A.
6

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION, MAY 2011.

M.A. (SOCIOLOGY)

COURSE CODE : 364

Register Number :

Signature of the Invigilator
(with date)

COURSE CODE : 364

Time : 2 Hours

Max : 400 Marks

Instructions to Candidates :

1. Write your Register Number within the box provided on the top of this page and fill in the page 1 of the answer sheet using pen.
2. Do not write your name anywhere in this booklet or answer sheet. Violation of this entails disqualification.
3. Read each question carefully and shade the relevant answer (A) or (B) or (C) or (D) in the relevant box of the ANSWER SHEET using HB pencil.
4. Avoid blind guessing. A wrong answer will fetch you -1 mark and the correct answer will fetch 4 marks.
5. Do not write anything in the question paper. Use the white sheets attached at the end for rough works.
6. Do not open the question paper until the start signal is given.
7. Do not attempt to answer after stop signal is given. Any such attempt will disqualify your candidature.
8. On stop signal, keep the question paper and the answer sheet on your table and wait for the invigilator to collect them.
9. Use of Calculators, Tables, etc. are prohibited.

1. In which year the term 'Sociology' was coined?
 (A) 1798 (B) 1739 (C) 1889 (D) 1839
2. Herbert Spencer, has derived his evolutionary scheme from the work of
 (A) Kepler (B) Harvey
 (C) Darwin (D) Mendal
3. Printing was first developed in China in the 6th century and slowly spread to rest of the world. This is an example of
 (A) Cultural Diffusion (B) Technological Revolution
 (C) Cultural Hegemony (D) Globalization
4. Children learn the ways of adults, perpetuating the values, norms and social practices of their culture. What is this process called?
 (A) Evolution (B) Natural selection
 (C) Social interaction (D) Socialisation
5. Which one of the following pairs of forms of marriage refers to polygamy?
 (A) Monogamy and polygyny (B) Polygyny and polyandry
 (C) Polyandry and monogamy (D) Monogamy and bigamy
6. In the industrial society, the achieved status is possible because of which of the following?
 (A) Acculturation (B) Social mobility
 (C) Role conflict (D) Migration
7. AGMARK is
 (A) Cooperative for egg production
 (B) Regulated agricultural market
 (C) Farmer's cooperation
 (D) A quality guarantee stamp for agricultural and allied commodities
8. In India, for the purpose of countrywide census, which one of the following factors is not the criterion for definition of urban area?
 (A) A minimum population of 5,000 persons
 (B) At least 75 percent of male working population engaged in non-agricultural pursuits
 (C) A minimum population density
 (D) A minimum number of schools per thousand population

9. The book 'System of Positive Polity', is written by

(A) E. Leach	(B) Radcliffe Brown
(C) Auguste Comte	(D) R.E. Park
10. Formal or specialistic school of Sociology, which distinguishes Sociology from other branches of social studies is headed by

(A) Karl Marx	(B) Max Weber
(C) Von Wiese	(D) G. Simmel
11. Indology, means

(A) Study of Indian census	(B) A branch of Archeology
(C) Study of India and its culture	(D) Study of normative behaviour
12. Durkheim has propounded four types of suicide. Which among these is not one of them?

(A) Altruistic	(B) Ritualistic
(C) Egoistic	(D) Anomic
13. Orientalists were scholars who studied the cultures of

(A) India and China	(B) Greek and Roman
(C) Egypt and Mesopotamia	(D) Latin American Countries
14. The first-hand study of small group is called

(A) Ethnography	(B) Ethnomethodology
(C) Biography	(D) Sampling
15. Appiko Movement is predominantly directed against which one of the following?

(A) Alcohol consumption	(B) Forest degradation
(C) Domestic violence	(D) Engagement of bonded labour
16. Tebhaga movement was organized primarily for

(A) Two-third share for the share-croppers
(B) Land distribution
(C) Lower rent for the landlord
(D) Increase in wages for women labourers

17. The Lepcha tribe is mostly found in which of the following Indian State?
- (A) Sikkim (B) Assam
(C) Manipur (D) Himachal Pradesh
18. In which one of the following tribes does the youngest daughter inherit the property?
- (A) Toda (B) Bhil
(C) Khasi (D) Subba
19. 'Society is the web of social relationships', whose definition is this?
- (A) Aristotle (B) MacIver
(C) H. Maine (D) Pluto
20. Who has propounded the theory of 'cultural lag'?
- (A) Bogardus (B) Oscar Lewis
(C) Nimkoff (D) W.F. Ogburn
21. An organisation formed by individuals to achieve some goals is called
- (A) Society (B) Association
(C) Institution (D) Community
22. Who is the author of the book 'The Elementary Forms of Religious life'?
- (A) Max Weber (B) Emile Durkheim
(C) Evan Pritchard (D) None of the above
23. Who has given the Looking Glass Self Theory?
- (A) G. H. Mead (B) Fair Child
(C) M. N. Srinivas (D) C. H. Cooley
24. Dower is associated with
- (A) Muslim marriage (B) Hindu marriage
(C) Tribal marriage (D) Jewish marriage

25. Choose the correct sequence of Law of Three stages of Human Progress of Auguste Comte.
- (A) Metaphysical, Theological, Positivistic
 - (B) Theological, Metaphysical, Positivistic
 - (C) Positivistic, Metaphysical, Theological
 - (D) Theological, Positivistic, Metaphysical
26. Who among the following was the founder of 'Satya Shodhak Samaj'?
- (A) C.N. Annadurai
 - (B) Kanshi Ram
 - (C) B.R. Ambedkar
 - (D) Jyoti Rao Phule
27. Who among the following gave the concept of 'Sanskritization'?
- (A) S. C. Dubey
 - (B) M. N. Srinivas
 - (C) G. S. Ghurye
 - (D) A. R. Desai
28. Which of the following is not a religion?
- (A) Jainism
 - (B) Sikhism
 - (C) Shaivism
 - (D) Buddhism
29. The concept of 'Rurbanization' was introduced by
- (A) Charles J. Galpin
 - (B) Robert Park
 - (C) Max Weber
 - (D) Oswald Spengler
30. Dharavi slum is located in
- (A) Delhi
 - (B) Mumbai
 - (C) Kolkata
 - (D) Chennai
31. Ecology refers to the relationship between organisms and their
- (A) Environment
 - (B) River system
 - (C) Purity of air
 - (D) Fauna

32. An authority is
- (A) Same as power (B) Power through coercion
(C) Legitimized power (D) Absolute power
33. Who has adopted purity/pollution criteria in the study of caste hierarchy in India?
- (A) Andre Beteille (B) M.N. Srinivas
(C) F.G. Baily (D) Louis Dumont
34. A society characterized by the absence of barriers to social mobility, is called
- (A) Dynamic society (B) Open society
(C) Static society (D) Close society
35. The concept of 'Dominant Caste' was propounded by
- (A) T.B. Bottomore (B) M.N. Srinivas
(C) A. Beteille (D) G.S. Ghurye
36. 'Gotul' and 'Dhumkuria', is an example of
- (A) Family relation (B) Youth Dormitory
(C) Culture (D) Association
37. The book 'Annihilation of Caste' is written by
- (A) B.R. Ambedkar (B) Sachchidananda
(C) Jagjiwan Ram (D) M.K. Gandhi
38. Which article provides for the abolition of untouchability and forbidding of its practice in any form?
- (A) 164 (B) 216
(C) 17 (D) 217
39. Who among the following said that 'Industries are the temples of modern India'?
- (A) M.N. Srinivas (B) Mahatma
(C) Ambedkar (D) Jawaharlal Nehru

40. Electing a new president in a democracy is a good example of _____ authority.
- (A) traditional (B) rational-legal
(C) coercive (D) charismatic
41. In a certain code, FHQK means GIRL. How will WOMEN be written in the same code?
- (A) VNLDM (B) FHQKN
(C) VLNDM (D) XPNFO
42. As 'King' is related to the 'Queen', similarly which of the following pairs bears the same relation?
- (A) Uncle-Niece (B) Father-Daughter
(C) Grand Father-Grand Mother (D) Dog-Pup
43. AQZI: DNCF:: ROSH:?
- (A) URVK (B) OLPE
(C) ORPK (D) ULVE
44. If all the prime numbers from 1 to 49 are removed, then how many numbers will remain?
- (A) 33 (B) 34 (C) 32 (D) 36
45. Pointing to man in a photograph, a lady said, "The father of his brother is the only son of my grandfather." How is the lady related to the man in the photograph?
- (A) Mother (B) Aunt
(C) Sister (D) Daughter
46. In the following series find the term in the place of question mark
15, 30, 60, 105, 165, ?
- (A) 210 (B) 220 (C) 230 (D) 240
47. CFL, EIK, GLJ, IOI, ?
- (A) KRH (B) KRJ (C) JRH (D) KQH

48. Food: Stomach :: Fuel : ?
 (A) Plane (B) Truck
 (C) Engine (D) Automobile
49. Sagar is 7 ranks ahead of Rahul in the class of 39. If Rahul's rank is seventeenth from the last, what is Sagar's rank from the start?
 (A) 14th (B) 15th (C) 16th (D) 17th
50. After walking 6 km, I turned right and covered a distance of 2 km, then turned left and covered a distance of 10 km. In the end, I was walking towards the east. From which direction did I start my journey?
 (A) North (B) South
 (C) East (D) West
51. Ahmed is taller than Salim. Salim is not as tall as Ahmed but taller than Akbar. Sohan too is not as tall as Salim but taller than Akbar. Who is the tallest?
 (A) Salim (B) Akbar
 (C) Ahmed (D) Sohan
52. 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, (.....)
 (A) 35 (B) 36
 (C) 48 (D) 49
53. Moon : Satellite :: Earth : ?
 (A) Sun (B) Planet
 (C) Solar system (D) Asteroid
54. $124 + 56 \times 1.5 - 12 = ?$
 (A) - 1890 (B) 252 (C) 230 (D) 196
55. How many meaningful English words can be formed with the letters WLFO using each letter only once in each word?
 (A) None (B) One (C) Two (D) Three

Directions - (Q. 56- 60) Study the following information carefully to answer these questions.

Eight friends P, Q, R, S, T, V, X and Z are sitting around a circular table facing centre. P sits third to the right of X and second to the left of R. S and T do not sit next to each other. S sits second to the right of Q, who is not a neighbour of P. T sits second to the left of V.

56. Four of the following five are similar in a certain way based on their position in the seating arrangement. Which of the following does not belong to that group?
- (A) VX (B) SZ
(C) TV (D) XZ
57. Who sits to the immediate left of R?
- (A) V (B) Z
(C) T (D) P
58. Which of the following sits between X and V?
- (A) Q (B) X
(C) Z (D) R
59. In which of the following pairs, second person is sitting to the left of the first person?
- (A) XS (B) PT
(C) RV (D) QV
60. What is the position of V with respect to Z in the above arrangement?
- (i) Third to the right
(ii) Fourth to the left
(iii) Second to the right
(iv) Fourth to the right
- (A) Only (i) (B) Both (i) and (ii)
(C) Both (ii) and (iv) (D) Only (iv)

61. Irom Sharmila Chanu (who is protesting against A.F.S.P.A.) is from which of the following Indian state
- (A) Manipur (B) Sikkim
(C) Meghalaya (D) Mizoram
62. The Sardar Sarovar Project is built on the river
- (A) Yamuna (B) Narmada
(C) Ganga (D) Teesta
63. Which is the smallest North-East state in India?
- (A) Tripura (B) Manipur
(C) Sikkim (D) Meghalaya
64. EIA stands for
- (A) Environmental Impact Assessment (B) Economic Impact Assessment
(C) Equal Impact Assessment (D) None of the above
65. Face book is an example of
- (A) Electronic mail (B) Social networking site
(C) Search Engine (D) Sound code
66. The stratospheric ozone depletion leads to
- (A) Forest fires
(B) Global warming
(C) Increase in the incidence of skin cancer
(D) All of the above
67. The Book 'The Inheritance of Loss' is written by
- (A) Anita Desai (B) Ramachandra Guha
(C) Kiran Desai (D) Khushwant Singh
68. Gerontology is a branch of study related to diseases associated with
- (A) Children (B) Young adults
(C) Women (D) Old age
69. The least populated state in India is
- (A) Goa (B) Sikkim
(C) Manipur (D) None of these

70. The agency which estimates National Income of India is
 (A) Reserve Bank of India (B) Planning Commission
 (C) Ministry of Finance (D) Central Statistical Organisation
71. Golden Quadrilateral Project is associated with the development of
 (A) Highways (B) Ports
 (C) Power Grids (D) Tourism Network
72. The Indian Constitution is divided into
 (A) 16 parts (B) 22 parts (C) 24 parts (D) 25 parts
73. The state having the highest Scheduled Caste population in India is
 (A) Rajasthan (B) Maharashtra
 (C) Madhya Pradesh (D) Uttar Pradesh
74. VAT is a
 (A) Tax (B) System (C) Rule (D) None of these
75. What is the full form of UGC?
 (A) University Grant Commission (B) University Grant Committee
 (C) Universal Grant Commission (D) Universal Grant Committee
76. Which of the following is/are sources of secondary data?
 (A) Research Paper (B) Magazine
 (C) Annual Report (D) All of these
77. Who was responsible for the enactment of the Hindu Widows' Remarriage Act of 1856?
 (A) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar (B) Devendranath Tagor
 (C) Raja Ram Mohan Roy (D) Keshab Chandra Sen
78. The language of Sangam literature was
 (A) Kannada (B) Telugu (C) Tamil (D) Malayalam
79. Kuchipudi is a dance drama of which of the following Indian state?
 (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Kerala
 (C) Karnataka (D) Tamil Nadu
80. Baba Amte is famous as a
 (A) Painter (B) Singer
 (C) Politician (D) Social Worker

Directions - (Q. 81 - 85) Fill in blanks, select the most appropriate words from among the four options given below :

81. Can you pay ————— all these articles?
(A) for (B) of (C) off (D) out
82. The workers agitated for a fair ————— for their work.
(A) reward (B) price (C) salary (D) wage
83. I could ————— see the sight since it was dark.
(A) clearly (B) barely (C) obviously (D) aptly
84. Satish was ————— with a natural talent for music.
(A) Given (B) found (C) endowed (D) entrusted
85. His life consists of ————— of drinking punctuated by periods of drunken sleep.
(A) Barrels (B) bouts (C) bowls (D) pints

Directions - (Q. 86 - 90) In each of the following questions select from among the four alternatives, the word MOST OPPOSITE in meaning to the word given in capitals.

86. DISPARAGE
(A) Please (B) Praise (C) Belittle (D) Dinigrate
87. ABHOR
(A) Hate (B) Dislike (C) Adore (D) Despise
88. JUBILANT
(A) Proud (B) Scared (C) Gloomy (D) Quiet
89. COARSE
(A) Beautiful (B) Rough (C) Smooth (D) Crude
90. HOSTILE
(A) Friendly (B) Swift (C) Independent (D) Antagonistic

Directions - (Q. 91 - 95) : In each of the following questions, choose the alternative which is most similar in meaning to the word given in capital letters.

91. **BANEFUL**
(A) Loss (B) Evil (C) Profit (D) Benefit
92. **ATROCITY**
(A) Endurance (B) Hatred (C) Fortitude (D) Cruelty
93. **ASSIMILATE**
(A) Absorb (B) Arrange (C) Receive (D) Assemble
94. **TEDIOUS**
(A) Tiresome (B) Painful (C) Troublesome (D) Lengthy
95. **TEEMING**
(A) Encroaching (B) Abounding with
(C) Surrounding (D) Working together

Directions - (Q. 96 - 100) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it.

The greatest enemy of mankind, as people have discovered, is not science, but war. Science merely reflects the social forces by which it is surrounded. It is found that when there is peace, science is constructive, when there is war, science is perverted to destructive ends. The weapons which science gives us don't necessarily create war, these make war increasingly more terrible. Until now it brought us to the doorstep of doom. Our main problem, therefore, is not to curb science but to stop war. This is a job in which everybody must participate including the scientists. But the bomb of Hiroshima suddenly woke us to the fact that we have very little time. The hour is late and our work has scarcely begun. Now we are face to face with this urgent question: "can education and tolerance, understanding and creative intelligence run fast enough to keep us abreast with our own mounting capacity to destroy?" This is the question which we have to answer one way or the other in this generation. Science must help us in finding the answer, but ultimately the main decision lies within ourselves.

96. According to the author, the real enemy of mankind is not science but war, because
(A) science during the war is very destructive
(B) science merely invents the weapons with which war is fought
(C) the weapons that science invents necessarily lead to war
(D) the weapons invented by science do not cause war though they make it more destructive

97. According to the author, the solution lies in
- (A) preventing scientists from participating in destructive activities
 - (B) abolishing war
 - (C) stopping scientific activities everywhere
 - (D) stopping science from reflecting social forces
98. The expression 'bring to the doorstep of doom' means
- (A) lead us to threshold of a new destiny
 - (B) introduce us to an unpredictable future
 - (C) carry us close to death and destruction
 - (D) take us step by step to ruin
99. The phrase, 'our work has scarcely begun' implies that our work
- (A) has only just begun
 - (B) has not yet begun
 - (C) has begun but not yet finished
 - (D) is not likely to begin
100. Our mounting capacity to destroy can be kept under by
- (A) encouraging social forces
 - (B) education for all
 - (C) creativity and intelligence
 - (D) education, liberal thinking and creativity
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