## ENTRANCE EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION, MAY 2011. Ph.D. (NANO SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY) COURSE CODE: 160

Register Number :	
	Signature of the Invigilator (with date)
	(with date)

COURSE CODE: 160

Time: 2 Hours Max: 400 Marks

## Instructions to Candidates:

- 1. Write your Register Number within the box provided on the top of this page and fill in the page 1 of the answer sheet using pen.
- 2. Do not write your name anywhere in this booklet or answer sheet. Violation of this entails disqualification.
- 3. Read each question carefully and shade the relevant answer (A) or (B) or (C) or (D) in the relevant box of the ANSWER SHEET using HB pencil.
- 4. Avoid blind guessing. A wrong answer will fetch you -1 mark and the correct answer will fetch 4 marks.
- Do not write anything in the question paper. Use the white sheets attached at the end for rough works.
- 6. Do not open the question paper until the start signal is given.
- 7. Do not attempt to answer after stop signal is given. Any such attempt will disqualify your candidature.
- 8. On stop signal, keep the question paper and the answer sheet on your table and wait for the invigilator to collect them.
- 9. Use of Calculators, Tables, etc. are prohibited.

1.	The	e degrees of freed	om wl	hen ice, water a	and wat	ter vapour coex	ist in eq	uilibrium
	(A)	0	(B)	1	(C)	-1	(D)	2
2.	For	a spherical part	icle of	radius r, the v	olume-t	o-surface area	ratio is	
	(A)		(B)	3/r	(C)	r/3	(D)	$\pi$ r
3.	The	unit of electrica	cond	uctivity is				
0.	(A)		(B)	ohm-1 m-1	(C)	ohm m	(D)	mho-1 m-1
4.		en a 1 $\mu m$ partice ght loss), the total						
	(A)	Increases			(B)	Decreases		
	(C)	Never changes			(D)	Random		
5.	The	genotypic ratio i	n the	F2 generation i	in a mo	nohybrid cross	will be	
	(A)	3:1	(B)	1:2	(C)	2:2	(D)	1:1:2
6.	Sex	-linked genes are	prese	nt in				
	(A)	Autosomes			(B)	X-chromosom	ies	
	(C)	Mitochondrial I	ONA		(D)	Chloroplast I	NA	
7.	Gen	es are made of						
	(A)	Carbohydrates			(B)	X-chromosom	es	
	(C)	Fats			(D)	Nucleotides		
8.	Whi	ch fungus was of	great	use in finding	out gen	etic principles		
	(A)	Mucor			(B)	Neurospora		
	(C)	Agaricus			(D)	Pencillium		
9.	Ther	mal expansion ir	n solid	s with increasi	ng tem	perature is a co	onseque	nce of
	(A)	Anharmonicity	of the	lattice vibratio	ns			
	(B)	Pressure of the	electro	on gas				
	(C)	Dislocations of t	he lat	tice				
	(D)	None of the abov	ve					3
10.	The	motion of the sim	ple pe	endulum under	going la	arge oscillation	s can be	described as
	(A)	Harmonic, non-	conser	vative	(B)	Harmonic, cor	servativ	ve
	(C)	Anharmonic no	n-cons	ervative	(D)	Anharmonic.	conserva	tive

	-			_		ntum J resultir	ng from	the addition of	
(A)	1,2	(B)	1,3	*	(C)	0,1,2	(D)	1,2,3	
		tion be	tween th	e two co	onsecu	tive Stokes line	es in Ra	aman scattering	
(A)	Energy separ	ation b	etween t	he vibra	ational	levels in the ex	xcited s	tate	
(B)	Wavelength o	f the ir	ncident li	ight					
(C)	Energy separ	ation b	etween t	he vibra	ational	levels in the gr	round s	tate	
(D)	Intensity of th	ne incid	lent ligh	t				20	
IUPAC name of crotanaldehyde, CH3CH=CH-CHO									
(A)	2-buten-3-al				(B)	3-buten-1-al			
(C)	2-butenal				(D)	butenaldehyd	e		
Acet	tylene has the p	oint gr	oup						
(A)	C <sub>2</sub> h	(B)	$C_2v$		(C)	$C_{\alpha}$ v	(D)	$D_{\alpha}$ h	
Oxio	dation number (	of Chlo	rine in C	l <sub>2</sub> O, Cl <sub>2</sub>	and C	lO <sub>3</sub> are respec	tively		
(A)	+1, -1, +5	(B)	+1, 0, -	1	(C)	-1, 0, -1	(D)	+1, 0, +5	
Alco	hols absorbed i	n the ir	nfrared r	ange of	about				
(A)	$3600 \ cm^{-1}$	(B)	1700 cr	n-1	(C)	$1600 \ cm^{-1}$	(D)	$2900\ cm^{-1}$	
	When compared to the bulk, the bandgap energy of the semiconductor nanostructure in the quantum confinement regime								
(A)	Decreases				(B)	Remains the s	ame		
(C)	Varies randon	nly			(D)	Increases			
		ng tecl	nniques	which i	is not	useful for siz	e char	acterization of	
(A)	Transmission	electro	n micros	сору	(B)	Infra-red spec	tra		
(C)	X-ray Diffracti	ion			(D)	Atomic Force	Microso	сору	
The	imperfection du	e to at	om miss	ing from	the p	roper atomic si	te is kn	own as	
(A)	Stacking Faul	:			(B)	Grain boundar	ry		
(C)	Schottky defec	t			(D)	Frenkel defect			
	the (A) The dep (A) (B) (C) (D) IUP (A) (C) Acer (A) Oxio (A) Whee in th (A) (C) Amon nano (A) (C) The (A)	the two angular metals (A) 1,2  The energy separate depends on (A) Energy separate (B) Wavelength of (C) Energy separate (D) Intensity of the IUPAC name of cross (A) 2-buten-3-al (C) 2-butenal  Acetylene has the parate (A) C2h  Oxidation number of (A) +1, -1, +5  Alcohols absorbed in (A) 3600 cm <sup>-1</sup> When compared to in the quantum conton (A) Decreases (C) Varies random Among the following nanomaterials (A) Transmission (C) X-ray Diffraction (A) Stacking Fault (A)	the two angular moments  (A) 1,2 (B)  The energy separation be depends on  (A) Energy separation be (B) Wavelength of the in (C) Energy separation be (D) Intensity of the incide (D) Intensity of the incide (E)	the two angular momenta J <sub>1</sub> = 1 at  (A) 1,2  (B) 1,3  The energy separation between the depends on  (A) Energy separation between the depends on  (B) Wavelength of the incident lift (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (C) Energy separation between the dependent of the incident light (E)	the two angular momenta J <sub>1</sub> = 1 and J <sub>2</sub> = 2  (A) 1,2  (B) 1,3  The energy separation between the two codepends on  (A) Energy separation between the vibra  (B) Wavelength of the incident light  (C) Energy separation between the vibra  (D) Intensity of the incident light  IUPAC name of crotanaldehyde, CH <sub>3</sub> CH=  (A) 2-buten-3-al  (C) 2-butenal  Acetylene has the point group  (A) C <sub>2</sub> h  (B) C <sub>2</sub> v  Oxidation number of Chlorine in Cl <sub>2</sub> O, Cl <sub>2</sub> (A) +1, -1, +5  (B) +1, 0, -1  Alcohols absorbed in the infrared range of  (A) 3600 cm <sup>-1</sup> (B) 1700 cm <sup>-1</sup> When compared to the bulk, the bandgap in the quantum confinement regime  (A) Decreases  (C) Varies randomly  Among the following techniques which nanomaterials  (A) Transmission electron microscopy  (C) X-ray Diffraction  The imperfection due to atom missing from  (A) Stacking Fault	the two angular momenta J <sub>1</sub> = 1 and J <sub>2</sub> = 2 are  (A) 1,2 (B) 1,3 (C)  The energy separation between the two consecuted depends on  (A) Energy separation between the vibrational (B) Wavelength of the incident light  (C) Energy separation between the vibrational (D) Intensity of the incident light  IUPAC name of crotanal dehyde, CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH-CH  (A) 2-buten-3-al (B) (C) 2-butenal (D)  Acetylene has the point group  (A) C <sub>2</sub> h (B) C <sub>2</sub> v (C)  Oxidation number of Chlorine in Cl <sub>2</sub> O, Cl <sub>2</sub> and Cl  (A) +1, -1, +5 (B) +1, 0, -1 (C)  Alcohols absorbed in the infrared range of about  (A) 3600 cm <sup>-1</sup> (B) 1700 cm <sup>-1</sup> (C)  When compared to the bulk, the bandgap energy in the quantum confinement regime  (A) Decreases (B) (C) Varies randomly (D)  Among the following techniques which is not nanomaterials (A) Transmission electron microscopy (B) (C) X-ray Diffraction (D)  The imperfection due to atom missing from the p  (A) Stacking Fault (B)	the two angular momenta $J_1 = 1$ and $J_2 = 2$ are  (A) 1,2 (B) 1,3 (C) 0,1,2  The energy separation between the two consecutive Stokes line depends on  (A) Energy separation between the vibrational levels in the graph of the incident light  (C) Energy separation between the vibrational levels in the graph of the incident light  IUPAC name of crotanaldehyde, CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH-CHO  (A) 2-buten-3-al (B) 3-buten-1-al (C) 2-butenal (D) butenaldehyde  Acetylene has the point group (A) C <sub>2</sub> h (B) C <sub>2</sub> v (C) C <sub>a</sub> v  Oxidation number of Chlorine in Cl <sub>2</sub> O, Cl <sub>2</sub> and ClO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> are respectively are respectively.  (A) +1, -1, +5 (B) +1, 0, -1 (C) -1, 0, -1  Alcohols absorbed in the infrared range of about (A) 3600 cm <sup>-1</sup> (B) 1700 cm <sup>-1</sup> (C) 1600 cm <sup>-1</sup> When compared to the bulk, the bandgap energy of the semicor in the quantum confinement regime (A) Decreases (B) Remains the semicor in the quantum confinement regime (A) Decreases (B) Remains the semicor in the quantum confinement regime (A) Transmission electron microscopy (B) Infra-red spectic Market Stacking Fault (C) X-ray Diffraction (D) Atomic Force of the imperfection due to atom missing from the proper atomic site (A) Stacking Fault (B) Grain boundary	(A) 1,2 (B) 1,3 (C) 0,1,2 (D)  The energy separation between the two consecutive Stokes lines in Redepends on  (A) Energy separation between the vibrational levels in the excited some separation between the vibrational levels in the excited some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation between the vibrational levels in the ground some separation separat	

20.	The	e stacking sequence of ABCABCABC	. belon	gs to the following crystal structure							
	(A)	FCC	(B)	HCP							
	(C)	Spherical	(D)	None of the above							
21.	Mei	mory is the responsibility of									
	(A)	Cerebrum	(B)	Cerebellum							
	(C)	Medulla oblongata	(D)	Spinal cord							
22.	Pathogenic fungi cause human diseases which are collectively termed as										
	(A)	Mycoses	(B)	Chlamydial diseases							
	(C)	Food poisoning	(D)	Diarrhoeal diseases							
23	Whi	ich of the following protein is consider	red to b	e a fibrono protein?							
	(A)	Keratin	(B)	Oval bumin							
	(C)	Hemoglobin	(D)	Protein-G							
24.	Sodium-potassium pump is										
	(A)	A hormone	(B)	An enzyme							
	(C)	A protein carrier	(D)	An organelle							
25.	Electromagnetic radiation will be emitted in the case of a										
	(A)	Neutron moving in a straight line w	ith con	stant speed							
	(B)	Proton moving in a straight line wit	h const	ant speed							
	(C)	Proton moving in a circle with const	ant spe	eed							
	(D)	Electron moving in a straight line w	ith con	stant speed							
26.	If A	$T = A^{-1}$ where A is a real matrix, the	n A is								
	(A)	Normal (B) Symmetric	(C)	Hermitian (D) Orthogonal							
27.	The	eigen values of a square symmetric m	natrix a	are always							
	(A)	Positive	(B)	Real and imaginary							
	(C)	Negative	(D)	Real							
28.	Ther	re is no infrared absorption for nitroge	en mole	ecule because							
	(A)	Its polarizabitity is zero	(B)	It has no vibrational levels							
	(C)	It has no rotational levels	(D)	Its dipole moment is zero							

29.	Wh	ich of the following complex ions cann	ot exis	t in optically active form?
	(A)	[Co(en) (NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> Cl] <sup>2-</sup>	(B)	Trans [Co(en)2Cl2]+
	(C)	$[\mathrm{Co}(\mathrm{en})_2(\mathrm{NH_3})\mathrm{Cl}]^{2+}$	(D)	$[\mathrm{Co(en)}\;(\mathrm{NH_3})_2\mathrm{Cl_2}]^+$
30.	Iron	is extracted from its Oxide ore by		
	(A)	Pyrometallurgy	. (B)	Hydrometallurgy
	(C)	Electrometallurgy	(D)	Sequestration
31.		case of organic compounds, on intorption band shifts to a region of longe		
	(A)	Hypsochromic Shift	(B)	Bathochromic Shift
	(C)	Chromophoric Shift	(D)	Auxochromic Shift
32.	In w	hich one of the following cases does a	reacti	on not proceed spontaneously?
	(A)	$\DeltaH$ is -ve and AS is +ve	(B)	$\Delta$ H is +ve and AS is –ve
	(C)	$\Delta$ H is +ve and AS is zero	(D)	$\DeltaH$ is -ve and AS is –ve
33.	Engi	ineering stress-strain curve and True	stress	strain curve are equal up to
	(A)	Proportional limit	(B)	Elastic limit
	(C)	Yield point	(D)	Tensile strength point
34.	Mecl	hanical deformation under elevated te	mpera	ture is known as
	(A)	Plastic deformation	(B)	Elastic deformation
	(C)	Creep	(D)	Anelastic deformation
35.		reaction of a solid phase upon coolin	ig tran	sforming into two different solids is
	(A)	Eutectic (B) Peritectic	(C)	Eutectoid (D) Peritectoid
36.	Time	e dependent deformation of a material	at ele	vated temperature is known as
	(A)	Creep	(B)	Superplasticity
	(C)	Toughness	(D)	Fatigue
37.	Total	l oxygen that can be carried in blood is	8	
	(A)	200 ml (B) 100 ml	(C)	1000-1200 ml (D) 2000-3000 ml

38.	Roo	ot hairs develop from									
	(A)	Exodermis	(B)	Exodermal cells							
	(C)	Endodermis	(D)	Epidermal cells							
39.	Fer	rmentation for industrial pr	oduction of ethan	ol is carried out by							
	(A)	Saccharomytes	(B)	Lactobacillus							
	(C)	Streptomyces	(D)	Acetobactor							
40.	Oxy	yheamoglobin behaves as									
	(A)	Strong base	(B)	Strong acid							
	(C)	Weak acid	(D)	Weak base							
41.	Bose Einstein condensation temperature TB refers to the temperature below which										
	(A)	An essembly of Bose gas o	condenses to liquid	d state							
	(B)	(B) There is an appreciable occupation of the ground state in an electron system									
	(C)	There is a significantly bosons	large occupancy	of the ground state in a system	of						
	(D)	The bosons behave like Fe	ermions								
12.		experimental study shows he following is incorrect	that superconduc	etors have an energy gap. Which or	ne						
	(A)	The gap separates the low state	vest excited state	in a superconductor from the groun	nd						
	(B)	The temperature depender an energy gap	nce of electronic s	pecific heat indicates the existence	of						
	(C)	BCS theory explains the e	nergy gap								
	(D)	The energy gap in superco	nductors is simila	r to the energy gap in insulators							
3.	Whic	ch one of the following mole	cules does not exh	nibit a rotational spectrum?							
	(A)	$H_2$ (B) CO	(C)	HCl (D) HBr							
4.	The	hyperfine splitting of the sp	ectral lines of an	atom is due to							
	(A)	The coupling between the	spins of two or mo	ore electrons							
	(B)	The coupling between the	spins and orbital	angular momentum of the electrons	5						
	(C)	The coupling between the	electron spins and	the nuclear spin							
	(D)	The effect of external elect	romagnetic fields								

45.	Heisenberg's uncertainty principle is applicable to									
	(A)	atoms only	(B)	electrons only						
	(C)	nucleus only	(D)	any moving object						
46.	Silio	con are								
	(A)	Organometallic compound	S							
	(B)	Compounds obtained from	silica							
	(C)	Compounds obtained by h	ydrolysis of orga	anochlorosilanes						
	(D)	Macromolecules prepared	from silicates							
47.	Whi	ich of the following set of ion	s are colourless	?						
	(A)	$\mathrm{Zn}^{2+}, \mathrm{Cu}^{2+}, \mathrm{Ti}^{3+}, \mathrm{Co}^{2+}$	(B)	$\mathrm{Zn}^{2+}, \mathrm{Cu}^+, \mathrm{Ti}^{4+}, \mathrm{V}^{2+}$						
	(C)	$\rm Cr^{3+}, Mn^{2+}, Zn^{2+}, Ti^{4+}$	(D)	$Mn^{7+}, Cr^{6+}, Cu^+, V^{2+}$						
48.	Whi	ch of the following statemen	t is not correct;	?						
	(A)	The oxides and hydroxides elements	of d-block elem	ents are less basic than those off-block						
	(B)	The size of atoms and ions of the f-block elements	of d-block elen	nents are relatively smaller than those						
	(C)	The tendency of d-block elements	ements to form	complexes is less than that off-block						
	(D)	f-block elements are called	transition elem	nents						
49.		quid medium containing a wn as	colloidal susper	nsion of ferromagnetic nanoparticle is						
	(A)	Magnetic resonance	(B)	Plasmon resonance						
	(C)	Superconductor	(D)	Ferrofluid						
50.	Esse	ential property for medicinal	applications of	nanostructure is						
	(A)	High mechanical property	(B)	Low toxicity						
	(C)	High toxicity	(D)	High mechanical property						
51.	Meta	als showing more than one c	rystal structure	e are known as						
	(A)	Polymorphism	(B)	Bravais lattice						
	(C)	Miller indices	(D)	Hall-Petch relation						

52.	An	nong the followi	ing whi	ch is not t	rue						
	(A)	Nanograined grained stru		rials have	e lowe	r har	dness and	strength t	han the coarse		
	(B)	Nanograined	mater	ial have g	reater	total g	grain bound	ary area			
	(C)	Nanograined	l materi	ial impede	e disloc	ation	motions				
	(D)	For material	s yield	strength v	varies v	with th	ne grain siz	е			
53.	Pal	e yellowish colo	our of co	wmilk is	due to	the pr	resence of				
	(A)	Carotine				(B)	Xanthoph	nyll			
	(C)	Riboflavin				(D)	O) None of the above				
54.	Enz	yme catalyzed	reaction	ns can be	inhibit	ed by					
	(A)	$Mg^{2+}$	(B)	Zn		(C)	$Cu^{2+}$	(D)	$Hg^{2+}$		
55.	Rat	io of WBC/RBC	in hum	an blood	is						
	(A)	1:100	(B)	1:200		(C)	500:1	(D)	1:500		
56.	Whi	ch of the follow	ing typ	e of cance	er will b	e obs	erved in suc	h transform	ned cells?		
	(A)	Adenoma	(B)	Melanor	na	(C)	Sarcoma	(D)	Hepatoma		
57.	Con	sider the energ e vector k for a	y E in t	he first B with latt	rillouir ice cons	zone stant	as a function a then	on of the m	agnitude of the		
	(A)	The slope of E	versus	k is prop	ortiona	al to th	ne group ve	locity			
	(B)	The slope of E	versus	k has its	maxim	num v	alue at $k=3$	τ/a			
	(C)	The plot of E	versus l	x will be p	parabol	ic in t	he interval	$(-\pi/a) < k$	$<(\pi/a)$		
	(D)	The slope of E	versus	k is nonz	ero for	all k	in the inter	val $(-\pi/a)$	$< k < (\pi/a)$		
58.	All v	ibrations produ	icing a	change in	the die	electri	c dipole mo	ment of a n	nolecule yield		
	(A)	Raman spectr	a			(B)	Infrared s	pectra			
	(C)	Ultraviolet spe	ectra			(D)	X-ray spec	tra			
59.	In a	nanomaterial t	he surfa	ace to volu	ume ra	tio is					
	(A)	Higher than th	ne bulk			(B)	Lower than	n the bulk			
	(C)	Is always a con	nstant			(D)	There is no	change fro	om the bulk		
60.	The	valency of Au ir	n gold n	anopartic	le is						
	(A)	0	(B)	1		(C)	2	(D)	3		
160					8						

61.	Wh	nich has the lai	gest siz	ze?						
	(A)	Sc <sup>3+</sup>	(B)	Y3+		(C)	La <sup>3+</sup>	(D)	Ac3+	
62.	Cod	ordination num	ber an	d oxidation	state o	of Cr	in K <sub>3</sub> [Cr(C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> )	3] are re	espectively	
	(A)	3 and +3	(B)	3 and 0		(C)	6 and +3	(D)	4 and +2	
63.	In e	Joule-Thomson	expans	sion						
	(A)	dS = 0	(B)	dG = 0		(C)	dE = 0	(D)	dH = 0	
64.	The	EMF of th	e cell	is $H_2 \mid HI$	(0.017	1)  2	AgI  Ag  AgI  H	I <sub>2</sub>   HI (0	.01 <i>M</i> )  H <sub>2</sub>	is
	app	roximately								
	(A)	$2\times0.0591$	(B)	-0.0591		(C)	+0.591	(D)	0.0296	
65.	Cer	amic materials	exhibi	t						
	(A)	Higher comp	ressive	strength		(B)	Higher tensi	gth		
	(C)	Ductile fract	ure beh	aviour		(D)	Extensive pl	astic de	formation	
66. For the orbital angular quantum number value of 3, the total quantum number values are								al numl	per of magne	tic
	(A)	6	(B)	7		(C)	8	(D)	9	
67.	In in	ron, which amo	ng the	following e	lement	s can	diffuse fast			
	(A)	C	(B)	Ni		(C)	Н	(D)	Cr	
68.	For	structural app	lication	s, covalent	and io	nic so	olids are not su	itable b	ecause	
	(A)	They are duc	tile			(B)	They have we	eak bon	ds	
	(C)	They have hi	gh elast	tic moduli		(D)	They are brit	tle		
39.	Poly	morphism is n	nainly d	ue to				,		
	(A)	Monogenic in	heritan	ce		(B)	Polygenic inh	eritance	9	
	(C)	Both of the al	oove			(D)	None of the above			
70.	The	nerve message	s enter	the cell thi	rough t	he				
	(A)	Dendrite	(B)	Axon		(C)	Cytan	(D)	Synapse	
1.	Abse	ence of magnes	ium caı	ises						
	(A)	Plasmolysis	(B)	Etiolation	1.	(C)	Nacrosis	(D)	Chlorosis	

72.	Red root of sugarcane is caused by										
	(A) Viruses	(B)	Bacterium								
	(C) Fungus	(D)	Mineral defic	ciency							
73.	The time independent Schrodinger equal of the	ation of	a system repre	sents t	he conservation						
	(A) Total binding energy of the system	n (B)	Total potenti	al energ	gy of the system						
	(C) Total kinetic energy of the system	(D)	Total energy of the system								
74.	In GaAs/GaAlAs quantum well light en	nitting di	ode the barrier	layer is	formed by						
	(A) GaAs (B) GaAlAs	(C)	Ga	(D)	As						
75.	The degeneracy of the spectral term <sup>3</sup> F	is									
	(A) 7 (B) 9	(C)	15	(D)	21						
76.	The lande g factor for the level <sup>3</sup> D <sub>3</sub> is										
10.	(A) 2/3 (B) 3/2	(C)	3/4	(D)	4/3						
77.	The level of quantum confinement in a	quantum	wire is								
	(A) 0 (B) 1	(C)	2	(D)	3						
78.	In a nanostructured material										
	(A) The bandgap increases compared to bulk										
	(B) The bandgap decreases compared to bulk										
	(C) The bandgap is the same as bulk										
	(D) None of the above	i									
79.	In a solar energy device										
	(A) Light is converted into electricity	(B)	Electricity is o	converte	ed into light						
	(C) Light is converted into heat	(D)	Heat is conver	ted int	o electricity						
80.	Nd : YAG laser is a										
	(A) 2-level system	(B)	3-level system								
	(C) 4-level system	(D)	5-level system								
81.	The standard EMF for the cell reaction? EMF for the cell reaction, when 0.1 M are used at 25°C is										
	(A) 1.10 V (B) 0.11 V	(C)	-1.10 V	(D)	-0.11 V						

82	. 11	ne point group	of BF3 m	olecules is				
	(A	) C <sub>3</sub> v	(B)	C <sub>2</sub> v	(C)	D <sub>3</sub> h	(D)	C <sub>3</sub> h
83	. Of	the given anio	ns, the s	trongest Bronst	ead ba	ase is		
	(A	) ClO-	(B)	$ClO_2^-$	(C)	ClO <sub>3</sub>	(D)	ClO <sub>4</sub>
84.	Ja	hn Teller effect	affects	the geometry of				
	(A)	Ni (NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>2</sup>	(B)	$[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$	(C)	$[MnCl_4]^{2-}$	(D)	None of these
85.	W	nich one is acid	ic auxoc	hromic group?				
	(A)	-ОН	(B)	$-NO_2$	(C)	-OR	(D)	$-NH_2$
86.	W	nich group of co	mpound	does not involve	e the	$\pi - \pi^*$ transition	s in U	spectroscopy?
	(A)	Alkenes	(B)	Azocompunds	(C)	Alcohols	(D)	Cyanides
87.	Wh	nich one of the f	following	; is microwave in	nactiv	e?		
	(A)	HCl	(B)	$Cl_2$	(C)	NO	(D)	CO
88.	Wh	ich one is not u	ised as r	adioactive isoto	pes for	· Mossbauer effe	ect?	
	(A)	Fe <sup>57</sup>	(B)	$\mathrm{Zn}^{67}$	(C)	Sn119	(D) I	931
89.	The	atomic weight	percent	age of carbon pr	esent	in cast iron is a	bove	
	(A)	0.14	(B)	0.74	(C)	1.14	(D)	2.14
90.		coalescence o se mass is kno		r particles unde	er the	influence of te	emperat	ture to form a
	(A)	Sintering	(B)	Vitrification	(C)	Pressing	(D)	Casting
91.	The	temperature o	f the ant	iferromagnetic-	to-par	amagnetic trans	sition is	called
	(A)	Debye			(B)	Neel		
	(C)	Curie-Weiss			(D)	Antiferromagn	etic Cu	rie
92.		rm of failure tl ss is known as	hat occu	rs in the structu	are wh	nen subjected to	cycles	of alternating
	(A)	Impact			(B)	Fracture tough	ness	
	(C)	Fatigue			(D)	Creep		

93.	The	e crystal structi	ire of (	GaAs is					
	(A)	Face centered	d cubic		(B)	Body center	red cubic	3	
	(C)	Tetragonal			(D)	Hexagonal			
94.	The	reciprocal latt	ice of f	ace centered c	ubic is				
6	(A)	Body centered	d cubic		(B)	Face center	ed cubic		
	(C)	Trigonal			(D)	Orthorhom	bic		
95.	The	density of state	es is m	aximum for a					
	(A)	Quantum wel	1		(B)	Quantum be	OX		
	(C)	Quantum wir	е		(D)	Quantum sl	neet		
96.		ntum dots are s seful for this pu			ogy appli	cations in ima	aging. Tl	ne property	that
	(A)	Absorption			(B)	Luminescen	ce		
	(C)	Reflection			(D)	Transmissio	n		
97.	Hyd	rogen bonding i	s max	imum in					
	(A)	diethylether			(B)	ethyl bromio	le		
	(C)	triethyl amine			(D)	acetic acid			
98.	Lath	nanides contract	ion re	lates to					
	(A)	density			(B)	valence elect	rons		
	(C)	ionic radii			(D)	nuclear mas	ses		
99.	The	EPR spectrum	of Phe	nyl radical sho	ws				
	(A)	6 lines	(B)	18 lines	(C)	24 lines	(D)	36 lines	
100.	Whic	ch of the following	ng doe	s not have a m	etal-met	al bond			
	(A)	$Mn_2(CO)_{10}\\$	(B)	$K_2Re_2Cl_8$	(C)	$Hg_2Cl_2$	(D)	Al <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>6</sub>	