ENTRANCE EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION, MAY 2013.

Ph.D. (POLITICS AND INTERNATIONAL STUDIES)

COURSE CODE: 116

Register Number :		
		Signature of the Invigilator (with date)
		(wiiii date)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

COURSE CODE: 116

Time: 2 Hours

Max: 400 Marks

Instructions to Candidates:

- 1. Write your Register Number within the box provided on the top of this page and fill in the page 1 of the answer sheet using pen.
- 2. Do not write your name anywhere in this booklet or answer sheet. Violation of this entails disqualification.
- 3. Read each of the question carefully and shade the relevant answer (A) or (B) or (C) or (D) in the relevant box of the ANSWER SHEET <u>using HB pencil</u>.
- 4. Avoid blind guessing. A wrong answer will fetch you -1 mark and the correct answer will fetch 4 marks.
- 5. Do not write anything in the question paper. Use the white sheets attached at the end for rough works.
- 6. Do not open the question paper until the start signal is given.
- 7. Do not attempt to answer after stop signal is given. Any such attempt will disqualify your candidature.
- 8. On stop signal, keep the question paper and the answer sheet on your table and wait for the invigilator to collect them.
- 9. Use of Calculators, Tables, etc. are prohibited.

1.	In	order to solve the aimlessness in edu	cation, v	ve should develop
	(A)	Democratic citizenship	(B)	Centralised education
	(C)	Straight and forward aim	(D)	Reform administrative set up
2.	If a	seminar or conference is being cond do?	ducted in	your city concerning education, what
	(A)	I will take part without principal'	s permiss	sion
•	(B)	I shall seek permission of princips	ıl	
	(C)	I shall take leave from school	,	
	(D)	I shall take no interest		
3.	Hov	v will you evaluate a student on the	basis of c	question paper type
	(A)	On the basis of objective type ques	tions	
	(B)	Essay type		
	(C)	Short answer		
	(D)	All of above		
4.	A te	acher impresses his students by		
	(A)	Showing his authority and domina	nce .	
	(B)	His regularity in teaching		
	(C)	Misbehaving students		
	(D)	Indulging in gossip with students		
5.	Wha	at will teacher do when a student as	k him an	irrelevant question
	(A)	He will scold him		
	(B)	He will make it clear	,	
	(C)	Send him out of class		
	(D)	Advise him to wait for answer		
6.	Too :	much liberty given to students creat	es	
	(A)	Ideal atmosphere for teaching		•
	(B)	Much noise in class room		
	(C)	Indiscipline in class room		·
	(D)	No problem in class room		
7.	How	will you inculcate sense of cooperati	on amon	g students
	(A)	Telling them importance of support		
	(B)	Explain them that games promote		operation and mental balance
	(C)	Telling them that games waste time	e	
	(D)	All of the above		
116		2		

					*	
8.	Som will	ne of the students are below average, you l be	ar r	esponse to such s	tudents as	a teache
	(A)	Equal behaviour to all students				
	(B)	Disallow admission to them in next cla	SS	·		
	(C)	Generous attitude towards them		•		
	(D)	No special attention to them				
9.	How trea	w should a student, who does not, respo	nd	to all the efforts	for improv	ement, l
	(A)	Rusticated from school				
	(B)	Psychologists and social work experts a	shou	ald be consulted		
	(C)	Arrangement should be made for his sp	eci	al education		
	(D)	His activities should be over looked				
10.	How	w will you develop quality of discipline an	non	g students	•	
	(A)	By offering them responsibility	•			
	(B)	By getting knowledge about rules of co	ndu	ct		
	(C)	By banishing them				
	(D)	By getting rules obeyed		•		
11.	In ca	case you are an author, then you	4			
•	(A)	Will contact a publisher				
	(B)	Will contact subject teachers				
	(C)	Will stick to your own ways of working	,	·		
	(D)	Will study good text of your subject	•			
12.	Man	n is a social animal' do you agree with th	is st	tatement		
	(A)	Absolutely right (B)	A Little		
	(C)	Wrong (D)	May be possible		
13.	Feel	eling of cooperation can be developed in st	ude	ents through		
	(A)	Lecture on cooperation				-
	(B)	Groupwork		•		
	(C)	Showing pictures on cooperation	•			
	(D)	Constructive work		•		
14.	Tea	achers, to get their demands materialised	, sh	ould		
	(A)	Strike				

Meet their seniors, relate their problems and try to come out with solutions

Startnon-cooperation movement

Should form a union and take out procession

(B)

(C)

15.	Students faith in human values increases (A) By imparting social knowledge (B) By imparting health knowledge (C) Imparting knowledge of ethical values (D) Imparting strong discipline
16.	Research is basically (A) A methodology of enquiry (B) Search for truth (C) Systematic exploration of truth (D) All the above
17.	The main purpose of research in education is to (A) Help in individuals personal growth (B) Increase the social prestige of an individual (C) Increase individual's market value of jobs (D) Help individual to become eminent educationist
18.	Objective observation is used in (A) Conducting experiments (B) In research (C) In normal behaviour (D) In almost all situations
19.	Inferring about the whole population on the basis of the observation made on small part is called. (A) Deductive inference (B) Inductive inference (C) Objective inference (D) Pseudo inference
20.	A hypothesis is a (A) Tentative statement whose validity is yet to be tested (B) Statement of fact (C) Supposition which is based on the past experiences (D) All the above
21.	What do you mean by synopsis of a research project (A) The blue print of research (B) Extracts from the research observation (C) A plan of the research (D) A summary of the findings of research
22.	How can a problem be stated (A) By putting forward a question (B) Making a statement which is declaratory in nature (C) None of above (D) Both (A) & (B)

23.	A'Nul	l hypothesis is						
	(A)]	Hypothesis of no difference		· •				
	(B) 1	Hypothesis that assigns val	ue of zero to th	e variable				
	(C) 1	Hypothesis of zero significa	nce					
	(D)	All of the above		. •				
24.	The a	dvantage of sampling is						
	(A) '	Γime saving	(B)	Capital saving				
	(C) I	increased accuracy	(D)	Both (A) & (B)				
25.	The m	ethod of randomization inv	olves					
	(A) I	Lottery	(B)	Coin method				
	(C) T	l'ippet's table of random dig	rits (D)	All of above	•			
26.	The a	dvantage of randomization	is that					
	(A) 1	It is free from personnel bia	ses					
	(B) 1	t produces reasonable accu	rate results					
	(C) 1	Economical method of data	collection					
	(D) A	All of above						
27.	What	is/are the basis of formulat	ion of hypothes	sis				
	(A) I	Reflection	(B)	Observation				
	(C) I	Deduction	(D)	All of above				
28.	Scient	ific methods are used in						
	(A)	Research projects in pure so	eience (B)	Social science re	esearch			
	(C)	Both (A) & (B)	(D)	None				
29.	Which of following is a non-probability sampling method							
	(A)	Simple random sampling	(B)	Systematic sam	pling			
	(C)	Cluster sampling	(D)	Quota sampling				
30.	The scalled	cientific study of events to	determine its	bearing on the	present conditions is			
	(A)]	Philosophical research	(B)	Action research	•			
ē	(C) I	Experimental research	(D)	Historical resea	rch			
31.	Who j	out forward the statement t"	, " research is	an honest effort	carried out through			
	(A) \	Watson (B) Best	(C)	Binet	(D) Cook			
32.	When	did the US forces took over	the Baghdad	city				
	(A)	April 2003	(B)	March 2003				
	(C)	April 2004	(D)	March 2004				

33.	Leve	el of analysis in interna					
	(i)	North south gap ———— Global level					
	(ii)	Treaties and wars —	inte	erstate	e level		
	(iii)	Type of government -	Do	mesti	c level		
	(iv)	Decision making —	indiv	vidual	level		
	(A)	Only (i) & (ii) correct		(B)	Only (i) & (iii) correct		
	(C)	All are correct		(D)	None correct		
34.	Assu	ımptions of realism an	d Idealism				
		issue	realism	idea	lism		
	(i)	Human Nature	Selfish	Altr	uistic		
	(ii)	Important actors	States	Stat	es and others including individuals		
	(iii)	Causes of state behaviour	Leader's personality	Psyc	chological motive of decision makers		
	(iv)	Nature of international					
		system	Anarchy	com	munity		
	(A)	(i), (ii) , (iii) are corre	•		(iv), is false		
	(C)	All are correct		(D)	(iii) is incorrect		
35.	Hug	o Chavez (1999-2013)	who died recent	ly was	s the president of		
	(A)	Venezuela	•	(B)	Tunisia		
	(C)	Turkey		(D)	Argentina		
36.		ch theory argues that em is most concentrate	_	most	effective when power in international		
	(A)	Game theory		(B)	Defensive realistic theory		
	(C)	Realist theory		(D)	Hegemonic stability theory		
37.	The	rationale for collective	security was la	id out	by		
	(A)	Woodrow Wilson		(B)	Churchill		
	·(C)	Bentham		(D)	Immanuel Kant		
38.	Which boundary line is dividing the Jammu and Kashmir						
	(A)	Red Cliff	•	(B)	L.O.C.		
	(C)	Durand line		(D)	32 th parallel		
39.		- ·	flict resolution		en conflicting parties is called		
	(A)	Arbitration	*	(B)	Mediation		
	(C)	Diplomacy		(D)	Negotiation		
40.		ch South African count	try got divided i				
	(A)	Sudan		(B)	Egypt		
	(C)	South Africa		(D)	Somalia		

41.	Cha	bahar port is located in					
	(A)	Iran	(B)	Pakistan			
	(C)	India	(D)	Afghanistan			
42.	"Str	ategic rebalancing" is a policy theme re	ecent]	ly adopted by			
	(A)	China in Indian Ocean	(B)	Indian in EastAsia			
	(C)	America in Afghanistan	(D)	America in indo-pacific			
43.	Who	is Syed Ali Shah Geelani?					
	(A)	A spiritual leader of Tibet, China					
	(B)	A separatist political leader of Kashn	nir, I1	ndia			
	(C)	Prime minister of Muzafarabad, Pak	istan				
	(D)	None of Above					
44.	Indi	an consulates in Afghanistan					
	(A)	Herat, Mazar-e-Sharif, Jalalabad, an	d Ka	ndahar			
	(B)	Khost, Farah, Kandahar, and Herat					
	(C)	Herat, Jalalabad, Farah					
	(D)	Nangarhar, Kandhhar, Herat and Ja	lalab	ad.			
45.	Indi	an claim for permanent membership is	n Sec	urity Council is on the basis of			
	(A)	Democratisation of UN	(B)	South Asian representation			
	(C)	India is a rising power	(D)	India is a largest democracy			
46.	***********	is a war over control of entir	e wor	d order?			
	(A)	Total war	(B)	Hegemonic war			
	(C)	Limited war	(D)	Civil war			
47.	A war between factions within a state trying to create, or prevent, a new government						
		he entire state or some territorial part					
	(A)	Guerrilla war	(B)	Total war			
	(C)	Terrorism	(D)	Civil war			
48.	The	UN was founded in 1945 by 51 states	in				
	(A)	Geneva	(B)	Paris			
	(C)	San Francisco	(D)				
49.		entrates.	mar	nufacturing occurs and some capital			
	(A)	Core	(B)	Periphery			
	(C)	Semi-periphery	(D)	None of the above			
F0	. ,						
50.		en Indiareferred Kashmir issue to UN					
	٠.,	5 April 1948 5 May 1948	(B)	5 April 1947 5 May 1947			
	4 4 1 1	n mut iwas		SIVINIV IMA/			

51.		ch one of the foll political defection	_	Amendm	ents (o the	Co	nsi	titu	tion of	f India	sought	to curb
	(A)	42nd	(B)	52 nd		(C)	62	nd			(D)	70 th	. 1
52.		sider the followi ernor of a state:	ing sta	atements	with	resp	ect	to	the	e legis	slative	powers	s of the
	(i)	The Governor ca	an sun	imon, pro	rogue	and e	diss	olv	e th	ie Stat	te Asse	mbly.	
	(ii)	The Governor o	an adj	ourn the	sitting	gs of t	he l	Sta	ite A	Assem	bly.		
	(iii)	The Governor elections.	addres	sses the	first s	essio	n o	f t	he	Legisl	ative .	Assemb	oly after
	(iv)	The Governor ca	auses t	to lay the	annu	al bud	lget	in	the	State	Assen	ıbly.	
	Whi	ch of the stateme	nts giv	en above	are co	orrect	?						
	(A)	(i) and (ii)	(B)	(i) and (ii	i)	(C)	(ii)	aı	nd (iii)	(D)	(ii) an	d (iv)
53.	Mat lists	ch List I with Lis	it II an	d select t	he cor	rect a	ansv	ver	us	ing the	e code	given b	elow the
		List I					Lis	st I	Ι				٠
	a.	Dictatorship of	the pro	oletariat		1.	Lil	ber	alis	m			
	b.	Avowal of rights	s			2.	Co	mr	nun	ism			
	c.	Glorification of	State			3.	An	ar	chis	m			
	d.	Opposition to st	ate in	general		4.	Fa	sci	sm				
		a b c d					а	b	ç c	i	-		
	(A)	2 4 1 3				(B)	3	1	4	2			
	(C)	2 1 4 3				(D)	3	4	1	2			
54.	Mat	ch List I (Feature	e) with	List II (Act) a	nd se	lect	th	e co	rrect a	answer	using	the code
		n below the lists:	-	•	,								
		List I							Li	st II			
	a.	Federal Scheme	of			1.	Mi	inte	o-M	orley l	Reform	s, 1990	
		Government											•
	b.	Dyarchy in Prov	vincial	· .		2.	Inc	dia	n C	ouncil	s Act,	1861	
		Government											
	c.	Qmmunal Repr	esenta	tion		3.	Go	ve	rnm	ent of	India	Act, 19	35
	d.	Rigid centralisa	tion			4.	Mo	ont	agu	e Che	lmsfor	d Refor	ms,
							19	19					
		a bcd					а	b	c	d		*	
	(A)	2 1 4 3	•		•	(B)	3	4	1	2	•		•
	(C)	2 4 1 3				(D)	3,	1	4	2			

55.	Which one of the following has been maintained by the Supreme Court in the year 1996 under Article 21 regarding an attempt to commit suicide?
	(i) It is natural right of a citizen.
	(ii) It is punishable under the law.
	(iii) The court has nothing to do with it.
	(iv) The court reserves the right of condonation.
-	Select the correct answer using the code given below:
	(A) (i) and (iii) (B) (ii) only
	(C) (i) only (D) (ii) and (iv)
56.	Which one of the following statements is correct? The Chief Election Commissioner
	can be removed from office before expiry of his term
	(A) In like manner and like ground as a member of the Union Public Service Commission
	(B) In like manner and like ground as a Judge of the Supreme Court
	(C) On the recommendations of the Supreme Court
	(D) On the recommendations of the Cabinet
57.	Under which article of the UN charter, has the term 'Non-governmental Organization' been used?
	(A) Article 71 (B) Article 81
	(C) Article 69 (D) Article 82
58.	Which one of the following statements describes a unitary system?
90.	(A) Where the territorial divisions are subordinate agencies of the Central Government
	(B) Where the territorial divisions have coordinate status with the Central Government
	(C) A device to reconcile national unity with rights of the units
	(D) Where the functions of the government are vested in a single individual
59.	Which one of the following is not correctly matched?
	(A) Karl Marx: Grundrisse
	(B) Harold Laski: Grammar of Politics
	(C) Aristotle: The Statesman
	(D) Karl Popper: Open Society and its Enemies
60.	Which one of the following set of criteria was employed by the Second Backward Class

educationally backward classes in India?

Social, economic and cultural

Social and economic

Social, economic and educational

(A) (B)

(C)

(D)

Social, economic, political and educational

Commission, popularly known as the Mandal Commission, to determine socially and

61.		o among the following thinkers and ned as utopian socialism?	re associ	ated with early socialism sometimes
	(i)	Robert Owen	(ii)	Saint Simon
	(iii)	Charles Fourier	(iv)	Proudhon
	Sele	ect the correct answer using the cod	es given	below:
	(A)	(i), (ii) and (iii)	(B)	(i), (ii) and (iv)
	(C)	(iii) and (iv)	(D)	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
62.		and 74 th Amendments to the Conll bodies	stitution	of India provide for elections to the
	(A)	Every year	(B)	After every three years
·	(C)	After every five years	(D)	After every two years
63.	Und	ler which one of the following provide	sions is r	eservation for the Scheduled
	Cas	tes and the Scheduled Tribes in eve	ry Panch	nlayat made?
	(A)	Article 243 (Q) of the Constitution	ı of India	
•	(B)	Article 243 (V) of the Constitution	of India	
	(C)	Article 243 (S) of the Constitution	of India	
	(D)	Article 243 (D) of the Constitution	of India	
64.	Whi	ch one of the following Commission	s sugges	ted abolition of the post of Governor?
•	(A)	Administrative Reforms Commiss	ion	
	(B)	Sarkaria Commission	÷	
	(C)	Constitutional Review Commission	n	
	(D)	Rajamannar Commission		
65.		which one of the following areas tice Malimath Committee?	have the	e reforms been recommended by the
	(A)	Criminal justice system	(B)	Civil law
	(C)	Service conditions of judges	(D)	Administrative law
66.	The	system of Public Interest Litigation	n has bee	n introduced in India
	(A)	Through Constitutional Amendme	ent	
	(B)	By judicial initiative	•	•
•	(C)	By political, parties		
	(D)	By a Parliamentary Act		
67.		among the following was the stituent Assembly?	Chairma	in of the States Committee of the
	(A)	Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	(B)	Jawaharlal Nehru
	(C)	Dr. Rajendra Prasad	(D)	Sardar Patel

68	. W i	hat was the reason for rejection of ongress?	the	Cripps Plan by the Indian Nation	ıal
	(A)				
	(C)		ovinc	ces	
	(D)) It was aimed at continuing British r	r par ule ev	even after the War	
69.	WI Fra	nich of the following events led to thance?			in
	(A)	Algerian crisis	(B)) Suez crisis	
	(C)	Cuban crisis	(D)		
70.	In ma	the US Presidential election, in the expority, with whom is the decision left?	vent (of no candidate securing the require	эd
	(A)		(B)	Electorate College	
	(C)	House of Representatives	(D)		
71.	To atta	which one of the following major politiached?	cal p	parties in India is CITU - Trade Unio	n
	(A)	Indian National Congress	(B)	Communist Party of India (Marxist	Α
	(C)	Communist Party of India	(D)	Description (State Man)	<i>y</i> .
72.	Wh	ich one among the following is associate	ed wit	ith 'Deficit'?	
	(A)	Lack of democratic control	,,,,,,	2011010	
	(B)	Lack of democratic legitimacy			
	(C)	Lack of democratic institutions			
	(D)	Lack of democratic representation			
73.	Who	o among the following employed the	ie ec	conomic approach, to the study o	f
	(A)	Charles Schumpeter	(B)	David Easton	
	(C)	Gabriel Almond	• •	Charles Merriam	
74.	Whi	ch one of the following finat initiated th			
	(A)	ch one of the following first initiated th Arab League	e proc	ocess of regional economic integration	?
	(B)	Asia pacific Economic Cooperation			
	(C)	Organisation of American States		•	
•	(D)	European Coal and Steel Community			
75.	Who	t did neo-liberalism stress most for?			
٠.	(A)	Importance of the role of non-state act			
	(B)	Inevitability of conflict	ors		
	(C)	, The state of the			
	(D)	Importance of national institutions in	reauc	icing conflict between states	
	_ /	Importance of national interest and po	wer 1	in dipolar world	

61.		o among the following thinkers are need as utopian socialism?	associ	ated with early socialism sometimes
٠	(i)	Robert Owen	(ii)	Saint Simon
	(iii)	Charles Fourier	(iv)	Proudhon
	Sele	ect the correct answer using the codes	given	below:
	(A)	(i), (ii) and (iii)	(B)	(i), (ii) and (iv)
	(C)	(iii) and (iv)	(D)	(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
62.		and 74 th Amendments to the Consti l bodies	itution	of India provide for elections to the
	(A)	Every year	(B)	After every three years
	(C)	After every five years	(D)	After every two years
63.		ler which one of the following provision		
		tes and the Scheduled Tribes in every		
	(A)	Article 243 (Q) of the Constitution of		•
•	(B)	Article 243 (V) of the Constitution of	f India	
	(C)			
	(D)	Article 243 (D) of the Constitution of	f India	
64.		ch one of the following Commissions s		ted abolition of the post of Governor?
` •	(A)	Administrative Reforms Commission	n	•
	(B)	Sarkaria Commission	•	
	(C)	Constitutional Review Commission		
	(D)	Rajamannar Commission		
65.		which one of the following areas hat tice Malimath Committee?	ve the	e reforms been recommended by the
	(A)	Criminal justice system	/D \:	Civil laws
	(A) (C)		(B)	Civil law
		Service conditions of judges	(D)	•
66.	The	system of Public Interest Litigation h		n introduced in India
	(A)	Through Constitutional Amendment	;	
	(B)	By judicial initiative		•
	(C)	By political, parties		
,	(D)	By a Parliamentary Act	-	
67.		among the following was the Ch stituent Assembly?	airma	in of the States Committee of the
	(A)	Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	(B)	Jawaharlal Nehru
	(C)	Dr. Rajendra Prasad	(D)	Sardar Patel

76.	Which among the following scholars propounded the systems approach towards the study of international relations?					
	(A) David Easton	(B)	Gabriel Almond			
	(C) C. McClelland	(D)	J. W. Burton			
77.	Match List I (Scholar) with List II (Theory/Approach) and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists:					
	List I		List II			
	a. Morgenthau	1.	Systems Theory			
	b. Bernard Cohen.	2.	Game Theory			
	3.6 77 1	3.	Decision making approach			
	c. Merton Kaplan d. Emile Berd	4.	Realist School			
	abc d		a b c d			
		(B)	2 1 3 4			
	(A) 4 3 1 2	(D)	2 3 1 4			
	(C) 4 1 3 2	(1)				
78.	Which one of the following approaches or models of international politics does not give importance to the role of State as an actor?					
	(A) Dependency model	(B)	Realist model			
	(C) Neo-realist model	(D)	Interdependence-pluralist model			
79.	Which one of the following movement Peasants revolt? (A) Telengana Movement (C) Tebhaga Movement	ts was the (B) (D)	e source of the origin of the Naxalbari Bhoodan Movement Land grab Movement			
		` '				
80.	Which one of the following statements is not correct in respect of social movements?					
	(A) They favour protest that usually takes the form of direct action.					
	(B) They are not concerned with who owns the means of production.					
	(C) They believe only in the constitutional means of protest.					
	(D) Their emergence is partly becau	ise of the f	ailure political parties.			
81.	Match List I (Theorist) with List II (Concept) and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists:					
	List I	Lis	st II			
	a. Gierke and Maitland	1.	Moral adequacy			
•	b. Harold J. Laski	2.	Socialist solidarity			
	c. Leon Duguit	3.	Real personality			
	d. Webbs	4.	Social Parliament and Political Parliament			
	a b c d	/ m \				
	(A) 4 2 1 3	(B)				
	(C) 4 1 2 3	(D)	3 2 1 4			

		List I	List	II			
	a.	Lectures on Jurisprudence	1.	Jeremy Bentham			
	b.	Fragments on Government	2.	John Austin			
	c.	The Spirit of Laws	3.	Niccolo Machiavelli			
	d.	The Prince	4.	Montesquieu			
		a b c d		a b c d			
	(A)	3 4 1 2	(B)	2 1 4 3			
	(C)	3 1 4 2	(D)	2 4 1 3			
33.	Match List I (Proponent) with List II (Concept) and, select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:						
		List I	List	ΪΪ			
	a.	David Easton.	1.	Authoritative allocation of values			
	b.	Hans Morgenthau.	2.	Shaping- and sharing of power			
	c.	Lasswell/Kaplan.	3.	Struggle for power			
	d.	Michael Foucault.	4.	Knowledge is power			
		a b c d		a b c d			
	(A)	2 3 1 4	(B)	1 4 2 3			
	(C)	2 4 1 3	(D)	1 3 2 4			
34.	Why do pluralists oppose the traditional concept of sovereignty?						
	(A)						
	(B)	and the control of th					
	(C)	•					
	(D)	Because it is ineffective					
85.	Who among the following theorised civil society as an ideological domain?						
	(A)	Karl Marx	(B)	Hegel			
	(C)	Antonio Gramsci	(D)	Noam Chomsky			
86.	Con	Consider the following statements:					
	(i)	(i) Special Officer's post under Article 338 was substituted by the Nationa					
		Commission for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.					
	(ii)	(ii) The Tribal Cooperative Marketing Development Federation of India procure					
		and markets the non-timber forest products (NTFP).					
	(iii)	(iii) The First Backward Classes Commission formulated 11 indicators based of social backwardness, educational backwardness & economic backwardness.					
	Whi	ch of the statements given above i					
	* * ***	ATT AND AND PLACE UNDACT		v			
	(A)	(i) and (ii)	(B)	(ii) and (iii)			

87.	Con	Consider the following statements:						
	(i) (ii)							
	(iii)	_		not s	tress its subord	lination to the ideal of		
	Whi	Which of the statements given above is/are correct?						
	(A)	(i) and (ii)		(B)	(i), (ii) and (iii)) 		
	(C)	(iii) only			(ii) and (iii)			
88.	Con	Consider the following statements:						
	(i) There was a special provision for the Anglo-Indian community in certain services under Article 336 of the Constitution of India. However, all such reservations were to cease at the end of ten years from the commencement of the Constitution of India.							
	(ii)	The Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tlites (prevention of Atrocities) Act was passed in 1955.						
	(iii)	The Untouchability (Offences) Act was renamed as the Protection of, Civil Rights Act.						
	Which of the statements given above are correct?							
	(A)	(i), (ii) and (iii)		(B)	(i) and (ii)			
	(C)	(ii) and (iii)		(D)	(i) and (iii)			
89.	Which country was appointed the first chairman of the Decolonisation Committee of the United Nations?							
	(A)	USA (B)	Sweden		(C) India	(D) Japan		
90.	Consider the following statements in respect of distribution between the Federal and the State Governments:							
	(i)	As evidenced from the history of federations, there is no logical relationship between the location of residuary powers and the strength of the government.						
	(ii)	Under the Comm centralization has to				nstitution, enormous		
	Which of the statements given above is/are correct?							
	(A)	(i) only		(B)	(ii) only			
	(C)	Both (i) and (ii)		(D)	Neither (i) nor	(ii)		

91.	Con	sider the following statements:		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
	(i)	In political science, decision-m		es are studies that focus on all factors mal-legal relationships of the decision			
	(ii)	According to Richard Snyder with a dynamic situation. Whi	lecision-mal ch of the sta	king analysis is not capable of dealing stements given above is/are Correct?			
	(A)	(i) only	(B)	(ii) only			
	(C)	Both (i) and (ii)	(D)	Neither (i) nor (ii)			
92.	Con	Consider the following statements in respect of the general systems theory:					
	(i)	The general systems theory is research.	highly attra	ctive from the standpoint of empirical			
	(ii)	(ii) The theory has been criticized for failing to adequately cater for concepts such as political power and influence.					
	Whi	ch of the statements given above	e is/are corre	ect?			
	(A)	(i) only	· (B)	(ii) only			
	(C)	Both (i) and (ii)	(D)	Neither (i) nor (ii)			
93.	Consider the following statements:						
	(i)	The American Congress is a Parliament is	sovereign	legislature in the sense the British			
	(ii)	i) Bicameralism found new foundation when the framers of the Americal					
	Con	Constitution designed it in the Philadelphia Convention in 1787.					
	Whi	ch of the statements given above	e is/are corre	ect?			
	(A)	(i) only	(B)	(ii) only			
	(C)	Both (i) and (ii)	(D)	Neither (i) nor (ii)			
94.		Match List I (Political Thinker) with List II. (Major Approach) and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists:					
	List	ŧI		List II			
	a.	Jeremy Bentham	1.	Ruthless in criticism of eighteenth century French society			
	b.	Edmund Bruke	2.	Supremacy of reason, rejection of			
				patriarchy and political absolutism			
•	c.	John Locke	3.	Utilitarianism			
	d.	Jean Jacques	4.	Criticism of the French			
		Rousseau		Revolution			
		a b c d		a b c d			
	(A)	1 2 4 3	(B)	3 4 2 1			
	(C)	3 2 4 1	(D)	1 4 2 3			
95.	Wha	What is the meaning of randomization?					
	(A)	Each and every unit of populat	ion has equ	al chance of selection in sample			
	(B)	The selection or non-selection or non-selection of other unit of		opulation does not affect the selection tion sample			
	(C)	A method free from subjective	biases				
	(D)	All of the above	٠				

96.	Which of the Articles of the Constitution of India are relevant to analyse the constitutional provisions that deal with the relationship of the President with the Council of Ministers?						
	(A)	Articles 71, 75 and 78	(B)	Articles 74, 75 and 78			
	(C)	Articles 73, 76 and 78	(D)	Articles 72, 73 and 76			
97.		ich one of the following scrulitor General of India?	tinises in deta	ail the report of the Comptroller	and		
٠	(A)	Public Accounts Committee	•				
•	(B)	Estimates Committee					
	(C)	Select Committee of Expend	liture	•			
	(D)	Consultative Committee of		inistry			
98.	Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists:						
	Lis	•		List II			
	a.	Cut Motion	1.	Mode of arriving at a decision			
	b.	Guillotine	2.	Demand to reduce allocatio funds in the budget	n o		
	c.	Division	3.	Bring debate to a close			
	d.	Point of Order	4.	Put an end to the business of the	e		
			5.	Request for interpretation or enforcement of rules of procedu- constitution	re or		
-		a b c d		a b c d			
	(A)	2 3 1 5	(B)	5 1 4 2			
	(C)	2 1 4 5	(D)	5 3 1 2			
99.	What is the prime objective advocated for appointment of the National Judicia Commission?						
	(A) Bringing about transparency and impartiality in the appointment of judges a the highest level						
	(B) Looking into the functioning of the High Court Judges						
	(C)	Training of the Judges		-			
	(D)	Reforms in the legal system	l .				
100.	Who among the fallowing is associated with eco-feminism?						
	(A)	Suman Sahi	(B)	Sabana Azmi			
	(C)	Vandana Shiva	(D)	Arundhati Roy			
				-			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_			