ENTRANCE EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION, MAY 2010.
M.Phil./Ph.D. (SOCIAL WORK)
COURSE CODE : 264/153

Register Number : 

Signature of the Invigilator
(with date)

COURSE CODE : 264/153

Time : 2 Hours  Max : 400 Marks

Instructions to Candidates :

1. Write your Register Number within the box provided on the top of this page and fill in the page 1 of the answer sheet using pen.

2. Do not write your name anywhere in this booklet or answer sheet. Violation of this entails disqualification.

3. Read each question carefully and shade the relevant answer (A) or (B) or (C) or (D) in the relevant box of the ANSWER SHEET using HB pencil.

4. Avoid blind guessing. A wrong answer will fetch you –1 mark and the correct answer will fetch 4 marks.

5. Do not write anything in the question paper. Use the white sheets attached at the end for rough works.

6. Do not open the question paper until the start signal is given.

7. Do not attempt to answer after stop signal is given. Any such attempt will disqualify your candidature.

8. On stop signal, keep the question paper and the answer sheet on your table and wait for the invigilator to collect them.

9. Use of Calculators, Tables, etc. are prohibited.
1. The psychology practiced at hospitals is known as
   (A) Industrial psychology
   (B) Educational psychology
   (C) Clinical psychology
   (D) School psychology

2. The psychology that studies individual changes and inter individual changes, is known as
   (A) Counselling
   (B) Development psychology
   (C) Experimental psychology
   (D) Educational psychology

3. Prenatal development begins at
   (A) conception
   (B) marriage
   (C) birth
   (D) old age

4. Psychoanalytic theory of personality is the contribution of
   (A) Roger
   (B) Maslow
   (C) Jung
   (D) Sigmund Freud

5. Zygote is
   (A) the ovum
   (B) the fertilized ovum
   (C) the sperm
   (D) the fertilized sperm

6. Classical conditioning learning experiment had been conducted by
   (A) Ivan Pavlov
   (B) Skinner
   (C) Hermann
   (D) William James

7. Hydrophobia is
   (A) fear of water
   (B) fear of speaking
   (C) fear of darkness
   (D) fear of crowds

8. The individual with IQ between
   (A) 90 to 100
   (B) 76 to 90
   (C) 51 to 75
   (D) 25 to 50

9. Who improved workers conditions by short hours of work
   (A) Sir Robert Peel
   (B) Max Weber
   (C) Robert Owen
   (D) Krupp
10. The duties of welfare officer may prescribe by
(A) State government (B) Central government
(C) State and central government (D) Industry

11. Creche welfare provide ——— the establishment.
(A) outside (B) inside
(C) both outside and inside (D) none of the above

12. Injuries occur due to ———.
(A) radiation (B) electricity
(C) metal (D) mechanical factor

13. The Factory Act ———.
(A) 1928 (B) 1948 (C) 1958 (D) 1978

14. ‘Clouding of consciousness’ is a state in which
(A) the patient is drowsy and reacts incompletely to stimuli
(B) the patient is fully attentive
(C) the patient’s thinking is correct
(D) the patient’s memory is good

15. ‘Agoraphobia’ is a
(A) morbid fear of large, open places (B) morbid fear of closed places
(C) morbid fear of dark places (D) none of the above

16. People with ‘hyperthymic’ personality disorder are
(A) Habituially cheerful and optimistic (B) Habituually seem to be in low spirits
(C) Alternating between the extremes (D) Persistently gloomy

17. Alzheimer’s disease is found in
(A) Children (B) Adolescents
(C) Aged (D) Housewives

18. ‘Syphilis’ is a disease caused due to
(A) Sexual transmission (B) Stress
(C) Alcoholism (D) Tremors
19. Syndrome means
   (A) aetiology   (B) prognosis
   (C) a symptom   (D) a group of symptoms

20. "Tonic-clonic convulsion" is a type of
   (A) Mental retardation   (B) Schizophrenia
   (C) Neurotic disorder   (D) Epilepsy

21. In mental retardation
   (A) IQ is tested   (B) EQ is tested
   (C) Mental status is tested   (D) None of the above

22. ___________ is most important for keeping records safely.
   (A) Record writing   (B) Inspection
   (C) Meeting   (D) Photos

23. Trust Act was started in the year
   (A) 1882   (B) 1885   (C) 1956   (D) 1876

   (A) Trustee   (B) General member
   (C) Accountants   (D) Target group

25. ___________ is the primary function of administration.
   (A) Organisation   (B) Planning
   (C) Suspension   (D) Recording

26. Social development speak about economic development and
   (A) Cultural development   (B) Sports
   (C) Medical   (D) Health development

27. The main function of Central Social Welfare Board is ___________.
   (A) conducting training   (B) allocating funds
   (C) organizing holiday homes   (D) all of the above

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28. ___________ prior permission required in acquiring foreign funds.
   (A) State Board  (B) Central Board
   (C) Collectorate  (D) None of the above

29. Dowry prohibited Act passed in the year ___________.
   (A) 1947  (B) 1965  (C) 1961  (D) 1891

30. ___________ are the weaker sections of the society.
   (A) Youth  (B) Students
   (C) Women and children  (D) Labourers

31. ‘Sati’ was abolished by ___________.
   (A) Dayanantha Saraswathi  (B) Rajaram Mohan Rai
   (C) Kamaraj  (D) Periyar

32. Society determines ___________ of the state.
   (A) purpose  (B) background
   (C) jurisdiction  (D) all of these

33. A community is that collectivity the members of which share a common ___________ area as their base of operation for daily activities.
   (A) Geographic  (B) Territorial
   (C) Boundary  (D) Cluster

34. ___________ family is one wherein the children tend to dominate the scene and their wishes determine the policy of the family.
   (A) Nuclear family  (B) Filocentric family
   (C) Joint family  (D) None of the above

35. ___________ means marriage outside the group.
   (A) Endogamy  (B) Monogamy
   (C) Exogamy  (D) Polyandry

36. Social work means
   (A) to do charity  (B) assist the person to fulfill his needs
   (C) help the people to help themselves  (D) behavior modification
37. The first school of social work was established at New York in the year of
   (A) 1898   (B) 1733   (C) 1906   (D) 1933

38. Which is the first social work school in India?
   (A) Delhi school of social work   (B) Madras school of social science
   (C) Tata school of social sciences   (D) Kashi Vidya Peeth

39. Which is not a social work method in the following?
   (A) Social case work   (B) Social work research
   (C) Social legislation   (D) Community organization

40. Pick out the correctional setting from the following
   (A) Balwadies   (B) Schools
   (C) Juvenile Homes   (D) All the above

41. Gerontological social work means
   (A) Social work with criminals   (B) Social work with elderly
   (C) Social work with women   (D) Social work with children

42. Who is a social activist in the following?
   (A) Mother Theresa   (B) Baba Andae
   (C) Medha Pathkar   (D) All the above

43. Point out an environmental protest movement in India from the following.
   (A) Narmadha Andholan Bachao   (B) Salt Satyagraha
   (C) Dhandiyathra   (D) All the above

44. Which is a man made disaster in the following?
   (A) Tsunami   (B) Bhopal Gas tragedy
   (C) Volcanic Eruption   (D) Flood

45. AIDS first diagnosed in India at
   (A) Tamilnadu   (B) Kerala
   (C) Mumbai   (D) Kolkata

46. According to WHO – health is a state of ___________ well being.
   (A) Physical   (B) Physical, mental, social
   (C) Mental   (D) Physical, emotional, social
47. Amnesia is
   (A) Temporary loss of memory  (B) Permanent loss of memory
   (C) Temporary loss of speech  (D) Permanent loss of speech

48. Inability to experience pleasure
   (A) Amnesia  (B) Hallucination
   (C) Anhedonia  (D) Delusion

49. If the range of I.Q. level is less than 20, it is classified as ———— mental retardation.
   (A) mild  (B) profound  (C) moderate  (D) severe

50. A human act of self intentioned and self inflicted cessation is
   (A) Suicide  (B) Phobia  (C) Panic  (D) Anxiety

51. Community means ————.
   (A) Institution  (B) Caste group
   (C) Collection of people  (D) Association

52. Community organization is a ————.
   (A) method  (B) tool  (C) process  (D) all the above

53. Who wrote this book "A community organization in Action"?
   (A) G. Gangrade U.D  (B) Dunham A. Harper E
   (C) Dennis E. Poplin  (D) Bhatia HR

54. Which one of the following is correct?
   (A) Study, treatment, diagnosis and evaluation
   (B) Study, diagnosis, treatment and evaluation
   (C) Diagnosis, study, treatment and evaluation
   (D) Study, evaluation, treatment and diagnosis

55. The effective communication means ————.
   (A) using ambiguity words  (B) simple exposition
   (C) complexity in verbal  (D) using more vocabulary
56. The importance of community participation in method of community organization
   (A) Keeping relation with other groups
   (B) Contact with new development
   (C) Coordinating services with those of other agencies
   (D) All the above

57. Panchayati Raj came into existence in the year
   (A) 1958  (B) 1959  (C) 1960  (D) 1961

58. NIRD is at
   (A) Chennai  (B) Guwahati  (C) Bangalore  (D) Hyderabad

59. The planning commission was set up in the year
   (A) 1948  (B) 1949  (C) 1950  (D) 1951

60. The Community Development Programme was introduced in the
   (A) I Five year plan  (B) II Five year plan
   (C) III Five year plan  (D) IV Five year plan

61. Asoka Mehta Committee was appointed in the year
   (A) 1970  (B) 1972  (C) 1975  (D) 1977

62. CRSP is
   (A) Community Rural Sanitation Programme
   (B) Community Rural Sanitation Project
   (C) Central Rural Sanitation Programme
   (D) Central Rural Sanitation Project

63. __________ are the under privileged people, particularly ST and SC.
   (A) Weaker sections  (B) Other caste
   (C) Untouchables  (D) Old age

64. Expand SHG
   (A) Self help group  (B) Social help group
   (C) Social for health group  (D) Special health group
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65. Policy is ___________ statement.
   (A) Rules regulation          (B) Written
   (C) Oral                      (D) Government

66. Societies registration act was introduced in the year
   (A) 1984          (B) 1947    (C) 1875          (D) 1860

67. Child Labour act was introduced in ____________.
   (A) 1886          (B) 1986    (C) 1985          (D) 1991

68. Social welfare, talks about ____________.
   (A) Labour welfare           (B) Welfare of the weaker section
   (C) Health                   (D) Youth welfare

69. Social legislations aims at to solve ____________.
   (A) Quarrels                  (B) Social problems
   (C) Women problems           (D) Child problems

70. The Hindu marriage act was passed in ____________.
   (A) 1955          (B) 1860    (C) 1947          (D) 1956

71. Programmes implemented for educated youth are
   (A) National service scheme   (B) National cadet corps
   (C) National physical efficiency drive (D) All the above

72. International year of the youth was observed in the year
   (A) 1984          (B) 1985    (C) 1986          (D) 1987

73. Broad categories of youth are
   (A) Rural and urban youth    (B) Employed and un-employed youth
   (C) Male and female youth    (D) All the above

74. National youth day was observed on
   (A) The birthday of Swami Vivekananda (B) The birthday of Nehru
   (C) The birthday of Rajiv Gandhi    (D) The birthday of Gandhi
75. TRYSEM programme was introduced for
   (A) Training of rural youth for self employment
   (B) Training of urban youth only
   (C) Employment of education youth only
   (D) Educated tribal youth only

76. Socially handicapped youth are
   (A) Destitutes          (B) Orphans
   (C) Juvenile delinquents (D) All the above

77. Major needs of youth are
   (A) Education          (B) Employment
   (C) Recreation         (D) All the above

78. The patterns of youth work are
   (A) Youth for youth
   (B) Youth for community
   (C) Community for youth
   (D) All the above

79. Expand ILO.
   (A) International Legal Organisation
   (B) International Law Organisation
   (C) Indian Legal Organisation
   (D) International Labour Organisation

80. Which one of the following is the natural disaster?
   (A) Nuclear Explosion    (B) War
   (C) Flood                (D) Terrorism

81. In which year, First Five Year Plan was started?
   (A) 1956    (B) 1951    (C) 1961    (D) 1965

82. Handing over of authority and responsibility to lower level in a hierarchy is called
   (A) Centralization       (B) Decentralization
   (C) Meritocracy          (D) Aristocracy

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83. The Panchayat raj scheme was approved by National Developmental Council in
   (A) 12th Jan. 1958   (B) 14th Feb. 1956
   (C) 15th Aug. 1947   (D) 26th Jan. 1950

84. Which of the following role is not played by social group worker in a group work context?
   (A) Guide      (B) Enabler   (C) Decision maker   (D) Therapist

85. Central Social Welfare Board was created in
   (A) 1950   (B) 1953   (C) 1952   (D) 1948

86. A “class” is chiefly referred as
   (A) a social organization   (B) an economic category
   (C) a professional group    (D) socially mobile section

87. The process of shaping the behavior of the Individuals is called
   (A) Socialization   (B) Westernization
   (C) Sankritization   (D) Urbanization

88. Hindu Marriage Act was passed in
   (A) 1950   (B) 1954   (C) 1955   (D) 1956

89. A characteristic feature of a rural community is
   (A) Formal Relationship   (B) Rational will
   (C) Community Sentiment   (D) A vast number of Association

90. Bring out the year when Panchayat Raj system was introduced in India
   (A) 1952   (B) 1977   (C) 1969   (D) 1984

91. Ecology refers to the relationship between organisms and their
   (A) Environment   (B) River system   (C) Purity of air   (D) Fauna

92. Name the largest slum of Asia
   (A) Dharavi   (B) Kamatipura   (C) Basti   (D) Ahata

93. When a class is somewhat extremely hereditary, it is called
   (A) Class   (B) Caste   (C) Clergy   (D) Kingship
94. Modernization refers to
   (A) Dress Style
   (B) Way of life
   (C) Developing infrastructure
   (D) Advancement in science and technology

95. An entrepreneur takes
   (A) quick decision                      (B) long time to make a decision
   (C) uncalculated risk                   (D) no risk

96. Gender stratification means
   (A) Stratification based on religious value
   (B) Stratification in terms of sexual difference
   (C) Class difference
   (D) Stratification based on caste system

97. The emergence of AITUC was in ————.
   (A) 1920 (B) 1919 (C) 1947 (D) 1950

98. The criterion of poverty is
   (A) poor education                    (B) menial occupation
   (C) unemployment                      (D) inadequacy of income

99. Land reforms have brought
   (A) Drastic changes in urban areas
   (B) Fragmentation of land
   (C) Advantages to the tenants to exploits the landlords
   (D) Decrease in outputs

100. Dispersed Rural settlements are commonly found in
     (A) Andhra Pradesh                    (B) Karnataka
     (C) Kerala                            (D) Tamil Nadu