COURSE CODE : 259/126

Time : 2 Hours
Max : 400 Marks

Instructions to Candidates :

1. Write your Register Number within the box provided on the top of this page and fill in the page 1 of the answer sheet using pen.
2. Do not write your name anywhere in this booklet or answer sheet. Violation of this entails disqualification.
3. Read each question carefully and shade the relevant answer (A) or (B) or (C) or (D) in the relevant box of the ANSWER SHEET using HB pencil.
4. Avoid blind guessing. A wrong answer will fetch you -1 mark and the correct answer will fetch 4 marks.
5. Do not write anything in the question paper. Use the white sheets attached at the end for rough works.
6. Do not open the question paper until the start signal is given.
7. Do not attempt to answer after stop signal is given. Any such attempt will disqualify your candidature.
8. On stop signal, keep the question paper and the answer sheet on your table and wait for the invigilator to collect them.
9. Use of Calculators, Tables, etc. are prohibited.
1. Women's Studies is
   (A) An interdisciplinary area
   (B) Concern of sociology and social work
   (C) Refers to management issues
   (D) Deals with women's education

2. Women's Studies deals with
   (A) gender violence  (B) women's empowerment
   (C) women's identity  (D) all of the above

3. Gender may be explained in terms of
   (A) civil society  (B) biology
   (C) personal choice  (D) all of the above

4. Feminism could be defined as
   (A) the war between the sexes  (B) women's opinions
   (C) the female body  (D) none of the above

5. Which of the following is a feminist theoretician
   (A) Sania Mirza  (B) Elaine Showalter
   (C) Aishwarya Rai  (D) None of the above

6. Who wrote the book *The Second Sex*?
   (A) Helene Cixous  (B) Simone de Beauvoir
   (C) Kate Millett  (D) None of the above

7. Who introduced the concept of gynocriticism?
   (A) Elaine Showalter  (B) Helene Cixous
   (C) Betty Friedan  (D) None of the above

8. L'écriture féminine refers to
   (A) writing by women
   (B) writing by men and women from a woman-centric perspective
   (C) writings about women's bodies
   (D) none of the above

9. The concept of male gaze was explained theoretically by
   (A) Elaine Showalter  (B) Simone de Beauvoir
   (C) Luce Irigaray  (D) None of the above
10. The theory of silencing is important to women's Studies because
   (A) many women's issues are silenced  (B) women are silent beings
   (C) women are not silent         (D) none of the above

11. Women's issues are invisible because
   (A) they are not discussed      (B) they happen behind closed doors
   (C) women do not speak out     (D) all of the above

12. The woman who stays indoors is
   (A) not working                 (B) is not paid for her work
   (C) is a lazy person           (D) none of the above

13. Do you agree that all women's problems are the same
   (A) yes                        (B) no
   (C) to some extent             (D) not at all

14. The Feminine Mystique was written by
   (A) Betty Friedan               (B) Simone de Beauvoir
   (C) Laura Mulvey               (D) None of the above

15. The Mother of the Aurobindo Asram was
   (A) Sri Aurobindo's wife        (B) His mother
   (C) A French devotee           (D) None of the above

16. Subramania Bharati wrote about
   (A) women's education          (B) women's poetry
   (C) women politicians          (D) none of the above

17. Which 12th century woman saint walked naked?
   (A) Joan of Arc                 (B) St Teresa of Avila
   (C) Mahadevi akka               (D) None of the above

18. Which Indian queen is said to have ridden to the battlefield with a baby tied to her?
   (A) Rani of Jhansi               (B) Joan of Arc.
   (C) Victoria                   (D) None of the above

19. Who among the following was a ruler
   (A) Mumtaz                       (B) Razia
   (C) Jodha                        (D) None of the above
20. Who among the following represented India in the Olympics?
   (A) Sania Mirza
   (B) P.T. Usha
   (C) Bachendri Pal
   (D) None of the above

21. Who was the first Indian woman to climb Mount Everest?
   (A) Bachendri Pal
   (B) Edmund Hillary
   (C) Tensing Sherpa
   (D) Kalpana Sharma

22. Who was the first woman prime minister of India?
   (A) Sarojini Naidu
   (B) Pratiba Patil
   (C) Vijayalakshmi Pandit
   (D) None of the above

23. The chairperson of the Women's Commision is
   (A) Girija Vyas
   (B) Sharmila Tagore
   (C) Mohini Giri
   (D) None of the above

24. Which of the following writers wrote The Breast Stories?
   (A) Shashi Despande
   (B) Mahasweta Devi
   (C) Arundathi Roy
   (D) Durgabal Deshmukh

25. Which writer's autobiography was My Story?
   (A) Kamaladas
   (B) Shobha De
   (C) Arundathi Roy
   (D) None of the above

26. The Color Purple was a feminist novel by
   (A) Alice Walker
   (B) Simone de Beauvoir
   (C) Bell Hooke
   (D) None of the above

27. The term womanism can be explained in terms of
   (A) Black feminism
   (B) Marxist feminism
   (C) Liberal feminism
   (D) None of the above

28. The Chipko Movement is described as
   (A) an eco feminist movement
   (B) a terrorist movement
   (C) a liberal movement
   (D) all of the above

29. The early feminist movement demanded
   (A) women's wages
   (B) women's freedom to vote
   (C) women's right to abortion
   (D) all of the above
30. “A Vindication of the Rights of Women” was written by
   (A) J.S Mill  (B) Mary Wollstonecraft
   (C) Simone de Beauvoir  (D) None of the above

31. PNDT Act relates to
   (A) infanticide  (B) foeticide
   (C) domestic violence  (D) family courts

32. The glass ceiling is a concept that describes
   (A) the roof made of glass  (B) any transparent ceiling
   (C) deterrents to women in the workplace  (D) gender based violence

33. According to the Indian Constitution
   (A) Freedom of speech is only for men
   (B) Both men and women have equal freedom of speech
   (C) Women have freedom of speech indoors and men speak outside the homes
   (D) None of the above

34. MDG is
   (A) An UN initiative
   (B) Government of India policy
   (C) Initiated by the Dept of Women and Child Welfare
   (D) None of the above

35. The full form of CEDAW is
   (A) Convention for the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women
   (B) Court for Eliminating Discrimination Against Women
   (C) Council for Elimination of Discrimination Against Women
   (D) None of the above

36. UNICEF is an organization which deals with
   (A) issues relating to women  (B) problems pertaining to children
   (C) domestic violence  (D) none of the above

37. Which of the following is an advocate of Black Feminism
   (A) Mary Wollstonecraft  (B) Boll hooks
   (C) Vandana Shiva  (D) Sylvia Plath
38. The UN motto for The International Women’s Day 2009 is
   (A) Women and Men unite to stop violence against women
   (B) Towards Equality
   (C) Educate the girl child
   (D) None of the above

39. The most recent phase of Feminism foregrounds which of the following
   (A) Marxist Feminism
   (B) Masculinities
   (C) Liberal Feminism
   (D) None of the above

40. Legislation on which of the following was made possible due to the Shah Bano case?
   (A) Sexual harassment
   (B) Polygamy
   (C) Muslim Personal Law
   (D) None of the above

41. The Visaka case drew attention to
   (A) problems of women at the workplace
   (B) date rape
   (C) child abuse
   (D) none of the above

42. The PNDT Act relates to
   (A) sexual harassment
   (B) trafficking
   (C) female foeticide
   (D) none of the above

43. What is the full form of SITA?
   (A) Suppression of industrial and trade Act
   (B) State Infrastructure & Technology Assessment
   (C) Suppression & Implementation of Traffic Act
   (D) Suppression of Immoral Traffic Prevention Act

44. GDI means
   (A) Gender related Development Index
   (B) Gender related Development Initiative
   (C) Gross Development Indicator
   (D) None of the above

45. __________ is a legal institution dealing only with cases like divorce, dowry and domestic violence.
   (A) Family court
   (B) Supreme Court
   (C) Legal Service Society
   (D) Police Station
46. Which Article of the Indian Constitution states that “the State shall not deny to any person equality before the law or the equal protection of the laws within the territory of India”.
   (A) Article 14  (B) Article 31
   (C) Article 12  (D) None of the above

47. The 73rd Amendment of the Constitution deals with
   (A) property rights  (B) reservation
   (C) foeticide       (D) none of the above

48. Domestic violence relates to
   (A) violence inside the home  (B) all forms of gender based violence
   (C) foeticide                 (D) none of the above

49. Dowry is
   (A) one form of gender based violence  (B) legally permissible
   (C) sanctioned through marriage       (D) none of the above

50. The phrase “missing women” relates to which of the following problems
   (A) dowry  (B) infanticide
   (C) wife battering         (D) none of the above

51. The UN Decade for Women was between
   (A) 1976-1985  (B) 1984-1993
   (C) 2000-2010  (D) none of the above

52. Raja Ram Mohan Roy was a campaigner for
   (A) widow remarriage  (B) dowry
   (C) foeticide         (D) none of the above

53. The women’s reservation bill relates to
   (A) property rights  (B) legal rights
   (C) voting rights    (D) right to hold public office

54. What is gender?
   (A) Another term for woman  (B) A socio-cultural construct
   (C) Problems of women     (D) Male Vs Female

55. Self Help groups assist women
   (A) to become financially empowered  (B) in social networking
   (C) learn new trades            (D) all of the above
56. HDI relates to
   (A) human development index  (B) horror discovery initiative
   (C) harassment discovery impact (D) none of the above

57. ________ varies according to time and space.
   (A) gender  (B) sex
   (C) chromosomes (D) genes

58. The Senaca Falls Convention relates to
   (A) Child Rights  (B) Women's voting rights
   (C) Violence against women (D) None of the above

59. Domestic violence leads to
   (A) physical injuries  (B) family problems
   (C) emotional problems (D) all of the above

60. Women's Studies came to be accepted as an academic discipline
   (A) in the 1970s  (B) in the 1870s
   (C) in the 1990s (D) none of the above

61. Protective legislation for Women is acceptable
   (A) because it ensures gender balance
   (B) women are helpless and need to be protected
   (C) the constitution requires it
   (D) none of the above

62. Who among the following is a third world feminist?
   (A) Alice Walker  (B) Sara Suleri
   (C) CT Mohanty (D) None of the above

63. Elaine Showalter discusses three stages in women's literature. They are
   (A) feminine, feminist, female  (B) woman, womanist, protest
   (C) maternal, matriarchal, matrilineal (D) none of the above

64. Matriliney relates to
   (A) women's power  (B) woman's domination
   (C) woman's property rights (D) none of the above

65. Of Woman Born was written by
   (A) Elaine Showalter  (B) Virginia Woolf
   (C) Chandra Mohanty (D) None of the above
66. Gynesis refers to
   (A) textual representations of the feminine
   (B) stereotypes of the woman
   (C) male gaze
   (D) none of the above

67. The subjection of man was written by
   (A) Virginia Woolf
   (B) Mary Wollstonecraft
   (C) J.S. Mill
   (D) None of the above

68. Which of the following films deals with the issue of child widows
   (A) Tare zameen Par
   (B) Water
   (C) Taneer taneer
   (D) None of the above

69. __________ is one instance of protective legislation for women.
   (A) maternity leave
   (B) duty leave
   (C) study leave
   (D) none of the above

70. __________ is a form of violence against women
   (A) marital rape
   (B) staring
   (C) eve teasing
   (D) all of the above

71. __________ is not a form of violence against women
   (A) jokes
   (B) making lewd suggestions
   (C) commenting on a woman’s body
   (D) none of the above

72. SEWA is
   (A) self employed women’s association
   (B) safely employed women’s association
   (C) smart empowered women’s association
   (D) none of the above

73. Which of the following is a feminist journal from India?
   (A) Kali
   (B) Manushi
   (C) Femina
   (D) None of the above

74. Which of the following is a feminist publisher?
   (A) Kali
   (B) Samyukta
   (C) Manushi
   (D) None of the above
75. GDI is
   (A) Gender Development Index  (B) Gross Data Indicator
   (C) Grand data Indicator     (D) None of the above

76. A woman's safety in our society is the responsibility of
   (A) herself            (B) her husband
   (C) the society        (D) her family

77. Honour killing is
   (A) a form of violence   (B) a way of ensuring a woman's safety
   (C) a social requirement (D) none of the above

78. Which of the following writes about Dalit women's issues
   (A) Meenakshi Mukherji  (B) Meena Alexander
   (C) Bama               (D) None of the above

79. Amartya Sen explanation for the phenomenon of "missing girls" was
   (A) social discrimination (B) poor health conditions
   (C) nutritional deficiencies (D) none of the above

80. Blank Noise is a website that speaks about
   (A) domestic violence    (B) property rights of women
   (C) sexual harassment    (D) none of the above

81. The cartoon character "Meena" was effective in promoting the rights of
   (A) homosexuals          (B) the differently abled
   (C) the girl child       (D) none of the above

82. The Bell Bajao campaign sought to draw attention to issues relating to
   (A) domestic violence    (B) dowry violence
   (C) child abuse          (D) none of the above

83. Who among the following is a Feminist film critic?
   (A) Laura Mulvey         (B) Sara Suleri
   (C) Vandana Shiva        (D) None of the above

84. Which of the following legislations can be used to uphold the dignity of women?
   (A) The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act
   (B) CEDAW
   (C) The Preamble of the Constitution
   (D) None of the above
85. Who among the following is not an ecofeminist?
   (A) Vandana Shiva       (B) Sunderlal Bahuguna
   (C) Medha Patkar        (D) None of the above

86. Which of the following women participated in the Indian Independance Movement?
   (A) Sarojini Naidu       (B) Mother Teresa
   (C) Mahadevi akka        (D) None of the above

87. Who among the following wrote about the subaltern women?
   (A) Mahasweta devi       (B) Mulkraj Anand
   (C) Virginia Woolf       (D) None of the above

88. Who founded the Home Rule League?
   (A) Mahatma Gandhi       (B) Sarojini Naidu
   (C) Annie Beasant        (D) None of the above

89. The Un motto for International Women's Day 2010 was
   (A) Equal Rights, Equal Opportunities, Progress for All
   (B) Water for All
   (C) Women's Rights are Human Rights
   (D) None of the above

90. How does microfinance enable women's empowerment?
   (A) through self help groups       (B) through religious organisations
   (C) through tailoring units        (D) through cookery classes

91. The sex ratio in India reflects
   (A) more men than women           (B) more women than men
   (C) equal numbers                 (D) none of the above

92. Dowry is a form of gender based violence because
   (A) the woman's family is humiliated     (B) the woman is subjugated
   (C) the woman's voice is not heard       (D) none of the above

93. Which of the following would be a part of a women's Studies course
   (A) Feminist theory               (B) SHGs
   (C) Visits to NGOs                (D) None of the above
94. As a researcher in women's studies what methodology would you use?
   (A) feminist research methodology         (B) scientific experiments
   (C) random observation                     (D) none of the above

95. Which of the following tools would be more suitable for research in women's studies?
   (A) field analysis                         (B) scientific observation
   (C) casual talk                            (D) none of the above

96. Human trafficking can be reduced by
   (A) effective maintenance of rescue homes for victims
   (B) tightening legislation for prevention
   (C) addressing the social issues relating to trafficking
   (D) all of the above

97. GAD refers to
   (A) Gender and Development                 (B) Grants for Development
   (C) Geometry and Discourse                 (D) None of the above

98. The term ecofeminism was coined by
   (A) Vandana Shiva                          (B) Arundathi Roy
   (C) Patrick Murphy                         (D) None of the above

99. The Chipko movement was a movement by women to save trees
   (A) by hugging them                        (B) by watering trees
   (C) by planting new trees                  (D) none of the above

100. Women's studies includes
    (A) feminist theory                       (B) activism on women's issues
     (C) gender sensitisation                 (D) all of the above