

## PU M Sc Chemical Sciences

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103 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Find the increasing order of stability of the oxidation state of the elements.

- $\text{Sn}^{4+} < \text{Ge}^{4+} < \text{Si}^{4+} < \text{Pb}^{4+}$
- $\text{Pb}^{4+} < \text{Sn}^{4+} < \text{Ge}^{4+} < \text{Si}^{4+}$
- $\text{Pb}^{4+} < \text{Sn}^{4+} < \text{Si}^{4+} < \text{Ge}^{4+}$
- $\text{Pb}^{4+} < \text{Ge}^{4+} < \text{Si}^{4+} < \text{Sn}^{4+}$

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Pyrolytic elimination of 2-butylacetate, besides giving 1-butene, also gives trans-2-butene and the given compound.

- 2-butene
- cis-2-butene
- 2-butane
- n-pentane

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Complete the reaction with the given ion:  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-} + 14\text{H}^+ + 3\text{Sn}^{2+} \rightarrow 2\text{Cr}^{3+} + ? + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$

- chromate ion
- stannic ion
- chromous ion
- stannous ion

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Pick out a reaction that is not affected by pressure variation:-

- $2\text{SO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \leftrightarrow 2\text{SO}_3(\text{g})$
- $\text{N}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \leftrightarrow 2\text{NO}(\text{g})$
- $\text{N}_2(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2(\text{g}) \leftrightarrow 2\text{NH}_3(\text{g})$
- $2\text{O}_3(\text{g}) \leftrightarrow 3\text{O}_2(\text{g})$

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Passivity of iron when contacted with oxidizing agents is due to the formation of the following compound on the surface of iron.

- Ferrous oxide
- Ferric oxide

- Ferrite
- Ferroso-ferric oxide

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Burning potassium reacts with sulphur dioxide to give:-

- (i) potassium sulphite and
- (ii) potassium sulphate.

- (i) is correct and (ii) is wrong
- (i) and (ii) are correct
- (i) is wrong and (ii) is correct
- (i) and (ii) are wrong

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Consider the statements in the stereochemistry of  $S_N2$  reaction.

- (i) takes place with a concerted one step reaction by the attack of a nucleophile from the backside through a transition state.
- (ii) there occurs Walden inversion.

- (i) is false and (ii) is true
- (i) is true and (ii) is false
- (i) and (ii) are true
- (i) and (ii) are false

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The partial reduction of iron ore occurs as in  $Fe_3O_4 + CO \rightarrow ? + CO_2$ . The compound is:-

- $FeO_3$
- $Fe_3O_4$
- $Fe_2O_3$
- $FeO$

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Consider Daniel cell  $Zn / ZnSO_4 (0.01M) // CuSO_4 (1.0 M) / Cu$  with emf at 298K is  $E_1$  when the concentration of  $ZnSO_4$  is changed into 1.0 M and  $CuSO_4$  is 0.01 M, the emf is  $E_2$ , then:-

- $E_1 < E_2$
- $E_1 = 0, E_2 = 1$
- $E_1 < E_2$
- $E_1 > E_2$

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Energy released in the reaction,  ${}^2\text{D}_1 + {}^3\text{H}_1 \rightarrow {}^4\text{He}_2 + {}^2\text{n}_0$  is due to the following:-

- Nuclear fission
- Artificial radioactivity
- Radioactive disintegration
- Nuclear fusion

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Which statement about organoaluminium compounds is *incorrect*?

- $\text{Al}_2\{\text{CH}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2\}_4$  contains an Al-Al bond
- Dimers of  $\text{AlMe}_3$  possess delocalized Al-C-Al bonding interactions
- The bonding in  $\text{Al}_2\text{Me}_4\text{Cl}_2$  can be described in terms of a localized scheme
- In  $\text{Al}_2\text{Ph}_4(\mu\text{-C}\equiv\text{CPh})_2$ , the bridge bonds can be described in a similar way to those in  $\text{Al}_2\text{Me}_4(\mu\text{-Ph})_2$

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Predict the molecular formula of the organic compound which gives the peaks in the isotopic clusters of its mass spectrum.

$m/z$  (relative abundance) = 94 (100), 95 (6.1), 96 (96), 97 (1.1).

- $\text{CH}_3\text{Cl}$
- $\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{Cl}$
- $\text{CH}_3\text{Br}$
- $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br}$

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Find the antidepressant.

- Clopinic
- Fluoxetine
- Propargyl bromide
- Ethyl acetoacetate

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Emission without a change in spin multiplicity:-

- is called phosphorescence
- involves an intersystem crossing
- is spin forbidden

is called fluorescence

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Bromine dissolves in water to produce hypobromous acid in presence of the given compound.

- FeO
- NiO
- CuO
- HgO

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Which statement is *incorrect*?

- $Tc_2O_7$  and  $Re_2O_7$  have molecular structures in the solid state
- $HTcO_4$  and  $HReO_4$  can be isolated as crystalline solids
- $HTcO_4$  and  $HReO_4$  are strong acids in aqueous solution
- $Re_2O_5$  is unstable with respect to disproportionation

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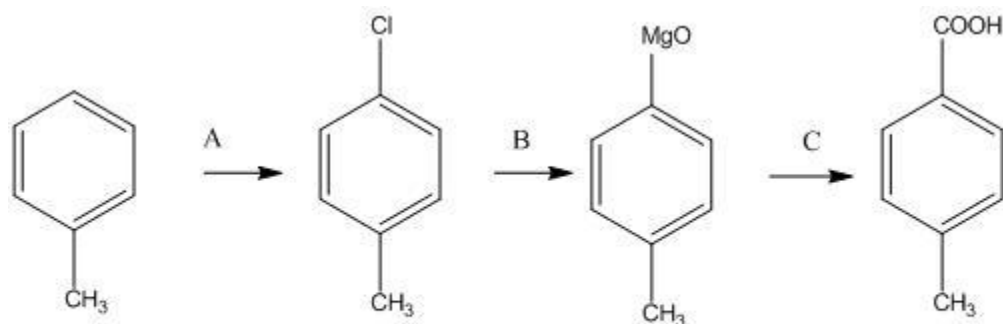
107 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Mention the species having four lone pair of electrons.

- He
- $O^-$
- $Cl^-$
- I

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B = Mg/ether, C =  $CO_2$  followed by  $H_2O/H^+$

- A =  $Cl_2/AlCl_3$

- A =  $\text{Cl}_2/\text{FeCl}_3$
- A =  $\text{Cl}_2/\text{ZnCl}_2$
- A =  $\text{Cl}_2/\text{SnCl}_2$

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Hydrolysis of  $\text{EtSCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$  is  $10^4$  times faster than that of  $\text{EtOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$  under comparable conditions, because:-

- S is acting as neighbouring atom
- EtS is acting as neighbouring group
- Et is acting as neighbouring group
- EtS is not involved in the mechanism

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Pure alumina is obtained upon ignition of the given compound.

- $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$
- Al with  $\text{O}_2$
- $\text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$
- $\text{NaAlO}_2$

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Which statement is *incorrect* about carbaboranesuperacids in the family  $\text{HCHB}_{11}\text{R}_5\text{X}_6$  (R = H, Me; X = Cl, Br, I)?

- $\text{HCHB}_{11}\text{R}_5\text{X}_6$  protonates benzene
- The conjugate base of  $\text{HCHB}_{11}\text{R}_5\text{X}_6$  is extremely weak
- The conjugate base of  $\text{HCHB}_{11}\text{R}_5\text{X}_6$  is a strongly coordinating anion
- $\text{HCHB}_{11}\text{R}_5\text{X}_6$  protonates  $\text{SO}_2$

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Aniline undergoes halogenation, supfonation and nitration due to:-

- (i) +M effect of amino group,
- (ii) -M effect of amino group and
- (iii) Amino group is o- and p-directing.

The correct statements are:-

- (i) and (iii)
- (i) and (ii)
- (ii) and (iii)

- (i), (ii) and (iii)

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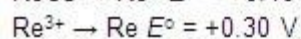
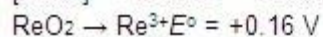
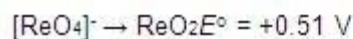
Calculate the empirical formula of an organic compound containing C, 14.5; H, 1.8; Cl, 64.46; O, 19.24 observed in an elemental analysis.

- C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

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A potential diagram for rhenium at pH 0 shows the following E° values:-



The value of E° for the reduction of [ReO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>-</sup> to Re(0) is:-

- +0.32 V
- +0.14 V
- +0.97 V
- +0.37 V

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100 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Consider the statements:-

(i) Silver ore dissolves in cyanide to give argentocyanide. Air prevents the reversibility of the reaction.

(ii) Alkaline earth metals can be easily reduced by chemical reducing agents

- (i) is false and (ii) is true
- (i) and (ii) are true
- (i) and (ii) are false
- (i) is true and (ii) is false

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Salicylic acid is treated with (CH<sub>3</sub>CO)<sub>2</sub>O and conc. sulfuric acid to give:-

- Benzophenone
- Aspirin
- Paracetamol
- Sulphanilic acid

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Pick up the false statement(s);

- (i) the central carbon in carbene has a sextet of electrons out of which two electrons are unshared,
- (ii) for sulfonation of alkanes, the number of carbon atoms should be six or less,
- (iii) direct fluorination of alkanes is usually explosive.

- (i) and (iii)
- (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)

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Photochemical chlorination of 1-chlorobutane gives a mixture of monochlorination products at different carbon atoms in different proportion. Find the correct one.

- $\text{H}_3\text{C}^4\text{H}_2\text{C}^3\text{H}_2\text{C}^2\text{H}_2\text{C}^1\text{Cl}$ ; 4,3,2,1 = 75%,:0%,:17%,:3%
- $\text{H}_3\text{C}^4\text{H}_2\text{C}^3\text{H}_2\text{C}^2\text{H}_2\text{C}^1\text{Cl}$ ; 4,3,2,1 = 25%,:50%,:17%,:3%
- $\text{H}_3\text{C}^4\text{H}_2\text{C}^3\text{H}_2\text{C}^2\text{H}_2\text{C}^1\text{Cl}$ ; 4,3,2,1 = 25%,:50%,:20%,:0%
- $\text{H}_3\text{C}^4\text{H}_2\text{C}^3\text{H}_2\text{C}^2\text{H}_2\text{C}^1\text{Cl}$ ; 4,3,2,1 = 0%,:75%,:17%,:3%

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Concentration of acid used in the reaction;  $4\text{Cu} + 10\text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow 4\text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2 + \text{N}_2\text{O} + 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is:-

- Dil. Acid
- 50% Acid
- Conc. Acid
- Hot Conc. Acid

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Match up the correct formula and magnetic property. Which pair is *correct*?

- $[\text{V}(\text{OH}_2)_6]^{2+}$ ; diamagnetic
- $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ ; diamagnetic
- $[\text{CoF}_6]^{3-}$ ; diamagnetic
- $[\text{Zn}(\text{OH}_2)_6]^{2+}$ ; paramagnetic

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Disodium hydrogen phosphate and ammonium chloride are dissolved in hot water to give microcosmic salt:-

- $\text{NaCuPO}_4$

- NaPO<sub>3</sub>
- Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
- Na(NH<sub>4</sub>)HPO<sub>4</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>O

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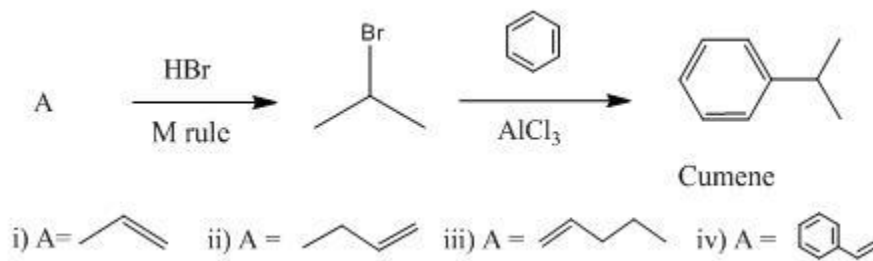
The chemical compound leaked during the Bhopal gas tragedy on Dec. 4-5, 1984 is:-

- sodium cyanide
- methyl isocyanate
- methyl isocyanide
- methyl isocyanite

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In the reaction:-



- (iv)
- (iii)
- (ii)
- (i)

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Infrared spectra are associated with the given concept.

- Interaction of nuclear spins with external magnetic field
- Moment of inertia and force constant
- Stretching and bending of chemical bonds
- Interaction of electron spin with external magnetic field

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The titration carried out between the following pair is:-

- gravimetric analysis



- Precipitation titration
- Potentiometric titration
- Conductometric titration

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Urethane functional group behaves as an ester on one side and as \_\_\_ on the other side.

- carboxylic acid
- amide
- ketone
- carboxylic acid amide

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Calomel when treated with conc. nitric acid in the reaction to give;  $3\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + 8\text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow 3\text{HgCl}_2 + ? + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{NO}$

- mercuric oxide
- mercurous nitrate
- mercuric nitrate
- mercurous oxide

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In the complex  $[\text{Ni}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$ , the approximate charge distribution in accord with the electroneutrality principle is:-

- Ni, -4;  $\text{NH}_3$ , +1
- Ni, +1;  $\text{NH}_3$ ,  $+1/6$
- Ni, 0;  $\text{NH}_3$ ,  $+1/3$
- Ni, +2;  $\text{NH}_3$ , 0

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Transition metal elements form coordination compounds due to:-

- (i) low nuclear charge to ionic size ratio and
- (ii) presence of (n-1) vacant d orbital of suitable energy.

- (i) and (ii) are false
- (i) and (ii) are true
- (i) is false and (ii) is true
- (i) is true and (ii) is false

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Determine the equivalent mass of  $\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (molecular mass = X) and  $\text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$  (molecular mass = Y)

- X/2, Y/2
- X/2, Y/3
- X/3, Y/6
- X/3, Y/5

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Clemmensen reduction of benzaldehyde reaction with zinc amalgam yields:-

- Benzoic acid
- Hydrobenzamide
- Benzyl alcohol
- Toluene

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The corrosion inhibiting efficiency of the series of compounds are:-

- $\text{NH}_3 < \text{R}_2\text{NH}_3 < \text{RNH}_3 < \text{R}_3\text{N}$
- $\text{RNH}_3 < \text{NH}_3 < \text{R}_2\text{NH}_3 < \text{R}_3\text{N}$
- $\text{NH}_3 < \text{RNH}_3 < \text{R}_2\text{NH}_3 < \text{R}_3\text{N}$
- $\text{NH}_3 < \text{R}_3\text{NH}_3 < \text{R}_2\text{NH}_3 < \text{RN}$

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(i) When nicotine is treated with methyl iodide, it gives dimethiodide. This shows that the two nitrogen atoms in nicotine are tertiary.

(ii) When nicotine is oxidized with nitric acid, it gives nicotinic acid, this shows that nicotine contains a pyridine ring.

- (i) and (ii) are false
- (i) is false and (ii) is true
- (i) is true and (ii) is false
- (i) and (ii) are true

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Electronic configuration of europium is:-

- $[\text{Xe}] 4f^7 5d^0 6s^2$
- $[\text{Xe}] 4f^0 5d^7 6s^2$
- $[\text{Xe}] 4f^7 5d^2 6s^0$

[Xe] 4f<sup>7</sup>5d<sup>5</sup>6s<sup>2</sup>

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The Y<sup>3+</sup> ion is:-

- hard, and favours ligands with *S*- and/or *P*-donor atoms
- hard, and favours ligands with *N*- and/or *O*-donor atoms
- soft, and favours ligands with *S*- and/or *P*-donor atoms
- soft, and favours ligands with *N*- and/or *O*-donor atoms

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Citral is synthesized using methylheptenone as the reactant in which the following reaction is involved.

- Reduction reaction
- Kolbe-Schmit reaction
- Reformatsky reaction
- Oxidation reaction

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Dyotropic reaction is a rearrangement in which:-

- two  $\sigma$  bonds simultaneously migrate intramolecularly in an uncatalyzed process.
- two  $\sigma$  bonds simultaneously migrate intramolecularly in a catalyzed process.
- two  $\sigma$  bonds simultaneously migrate intermolecularly in a catalyzed process.
- two  $\sigma$  bonds simultaneously migrate intermolecularly in an uncatalyzed process.

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The o-nitrophenol has a lower boiling point than p-nitrophenol, because the latter shows:-

- chelate effect
- intramolecular hydrogen bonding
- acidic property
- intermolecular hydrogen bonding

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Calculate the lattice energy of NaCl crystals from the following data;  $A = 1.748$ ,  $r_o = 0.2814$  nm,  $n = 8$ ,  $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12}$  C<sup>2</sup>m<sup>-1</sup>J<sup>-1</sup>,  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C.

- 75.49 kJmol<sup>-1</sup>
- 7.549 kJmol<sup>-1</sup>

- 7549 kJmol<sup>-1</sup>
- 754.9 kJmol<sup>-1</sup>

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Consider the statements in the mechanism of halogenations of benzene:

- (i) chloronium ion can attack the  $\pi$ -electron cloud of benzene to form  $\pi$ -complex.
- (ii) the  $\pi$ -complex is then converted into  $\sigma$ -complex.
- (iii) the  $\sigma$ -complex thus formed is a carbonium ion which is stabilized by resonance.

- (i), (ii) and (iii) are false
- (i), (ii) and (iii) are true
- (i), (ii) are true and (iii) is false
- (i), (ii) are false and (iii) is true

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150 PU\_2015\_369\_N

In the electrophilic addition of bromine to an alkene the NMR spectroscopy in presence of HF.SbF<sub>5</sub> in liq. SO<sub>2</sub> at -60°C shows that the intermediate from 2-butene has been found to illustrate the given number of equivalent proton signals at  $\delta$  2.9.

- 12
- 10
- 2
- two sets of protons at two different places

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Cyclopentadienylmagnesium bromide reacts with ferrous chloride to produce:-

- Dibenzene iron
- Ferrocene
- Phenyl magnesium bromide
- Phenyl magnesium

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Which metal complex ion is expected to be subject to a Jahn-Teller distortion?

- Cr(OH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub><sup>3+</sup>
- [Cr(bpy)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>2+</sup>
- [Cr(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>2+</sup>
- [Cr(CN)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3-</sup>

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Self-ionization of  $\text{BrF}_3$  gives  $[\text{BrF}_2]^+$  and  $[\text{BrF}_4]^-$ . Which list of species and molecular shape is correct?

- $\text{BrF}_3$ , trigonal pyramidal;  $[\text{BrF}_2]^+$ , non-linear;  $[\text{BrF}_4]^-$ , square planar
- $\text{BrF}_3$ , T-shaped;  $[\text{BrF}_2]^+$ , non-linear;  $[\text{BrF}_4]^-$ , square planar
- $\text{BrF}_3$ , T-shaped;  $[\text{BrF}_2]^+$ , linear;  $[\text{BrF}_4]^-$ , tetrahedral
- $\text{BrF}_3$ , trigonal planar;  $[\text{BrF}_2]^+$ , linear;  $[\text{BrF}_4]^-$ , square planar

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Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction involves treatment of carboxylic acid with chlorine in presence of phosphorus to give:-

- $\text{RCH}_2\text{COCl}$
- $\text{RCCl}_2\text{COOH}$
- $\text{RCHClCOCl}$
- $\text{RCHClCOOH}$

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Benzenediazonium chloride reacts with aniline to give:-

- Azo benzene
- p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene
- p-Hydroxyazobenzene
- p-Aminoazobenzene

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Which is the correct order of relative acid strengths of given compounds:-

- $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH}$
- $\text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH} > \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$
- $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH} > \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} > \text{H}_2\text{O}$
- $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH} > \text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$

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Hydrated sodium alumino silicates are known as:-

- permutits
- ultramarines
- ortho silicates
- zeolites

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Haemoglobin belongs to the following structure.

- $\alpha$ -Pleated sheet structure
- $\beta$ -Pleated sheet structure
- Tertiary structure
- Quaternary structure

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For a thermodynamically spontaneous cell reaction, which statement is correct?

- $E^\circ$  (reduction) must be more negative than  $E^\circ$  (oxidation)
- $E^\circ$  (oxidation) must be more negative than  $E^\circ$  (reduction)
- The difference between  $E^\circ$  (reduction) and  $E^\circ$  (oxidation) must be more than 1.0 V
- $E^\circ$  cell should be negative

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The radius of the sodium atom can be obtained using the following formula. Sodium metal crystallizes in body centered crystal lattice with the cell edge,  $a = 4.29 \text{ \AA}$ .

- $r = a\sqrt{2}/4$
- $r = a\sqrt{3}/4$
- $r = a\sqrt{6}/4$
- $r = a\sqrt{5}/4$

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Supercooled water  $\leftrightarrow$  Vapour equilibrium is:-

- Dynamic equilibrium
- Supercooled state
- Metastable equilibrium
- Stable equilibrium

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Acridine is non-fluorescent while acridine derivative containing auxochromes are fluorescent; the auxochromes are:-

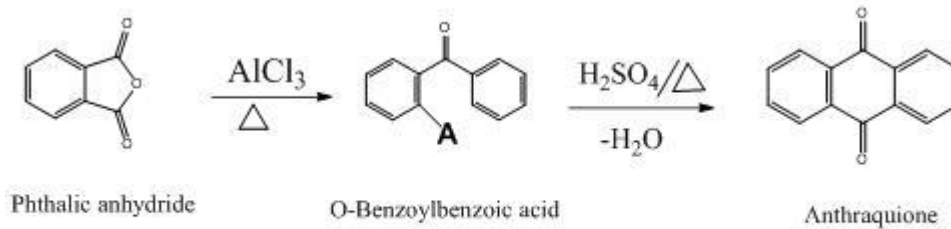
- electron donors
- electron acceptors
- hydrogen bond donors

alkyl group

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In the following reaction:-



i) A = OH, ii) A = CHO, iii) A = CHOH, iv) A = COOH

- (ii)  
 (iv)  
 (iii)  
 (i)

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When two solutions having same osmotic pressure separated with a semipermeable membrane are said to be:-

- supersaturated solutions  
 colloidal solutions  
 very dilute solutions  
 isotonic solutions

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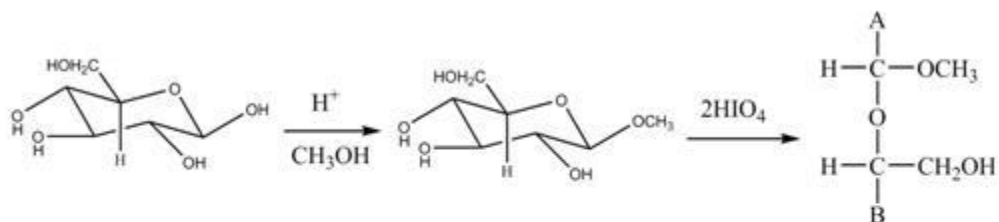
The effect in which the energy of a photon is reduced and that of an electron is increased is:-

- Einstein effect  
 Compton effect  
 Zeeman effect  
 Chadwick effect

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Consider the reaction:-



$\beta$ -D-glucopyranose

Methyl  $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside

- i) A =  $\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ , B =  $\text{CHO}$ ,      ii) A =  $\text{CHO}$ , B =  $\text{CHO}$ ,  
 iii) A =  $\text{CHO}$ , B =  $\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ ,      iv) A =  $\text{CHO}$ , B =  $\text{OH}$ ,

- (iii)  
 (i)  
 (iv)  
 (ii)

### 68 of 100

172 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Pick out the false statement

- (i) molecularity of a reaction can be zero,  
 (ii) order of a reaction can be zero and  
 (iii) order of a reaction is experimentally determined.

- (i)  
 (iii) and (i)  
 (iii)  
 (ii)

### 69 of 100

170 PU\_2015\_369\_N

A solution of copper(II) sulphate is electrolysed between two copper electrodes by a current of 10.2 amp for 62 min at 298K. About 0.1875 mole of copper is dissolved from anode, calculate the amount of copper deposited from cathode.

- 6.3 moles  
 63 moles  
 0.1875 mole  
 1.875 moles

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253 PU\_2015\_369



In an FCC arrangement the volume occupied by the spheres is \_\_\_\_\_ of the total space available.

- 68%
- 66%
- 100%
- 74%

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171 PU\_2015\_369\_N

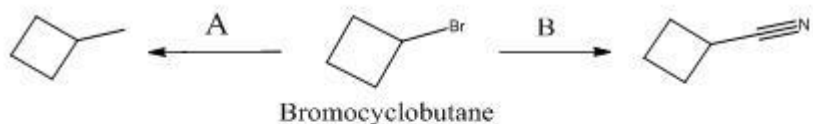
The wavelength dependence of a great number of optically active substances in optical rotatory dispersion is;-

- $\alpha = K/\lambda^2 - \lambda^2_0$
- $\alpha = K^2/\lambda - \lambda^2_0$
- $\alpha = K/\lambda - \lambda^2_0$
- $\alpha = K/\lambda^2 - \lambda_0$

**72 of 100**

165 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Find A and B in the following equation.



- i) A = CH<sub>3</sub>Li and B = HC ≡ C: Na<sup>+</sup>
- ii) A = CH<sub>3</sub>Cl and B = HC ≡ C: Li<sup>+</sup>
- iii) A = CH<sub>3</sub>Li and B = H<sub>2</sub>C= C: Na<sup>+</sup>
- iv) A = CH<sub>3</sub>Cl and B = HC ≡ C: Na<sup>+</sup>

- (i)
- (iii)
- (iv)
- (ii)

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166 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Calculate  $\Delta H^\circ$  for the reaction at 298K; Ba<sup>2+</sup>(aq) + SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>(aq) → BaSO<sub>4</sub>(s), given  $\Delta H^\circ_f$  of Ba<sup>2+</sup>(aq) = -538.4 kJ, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>(aq) = -907.51 kJ and BaSO<sub>4</sub>(s) = -1465.24 kJ.

- 193.7 kJ
- 19.37 kJ
- 1937 kJ
- 1.937 kJ

**74 of 100**

175 PU\_2015\_369\_N

de Broglie showed that an electron with mass  $m$  moving with a velocity  $v$  should be associated with:-

- wavenumber
- moment
- spin
- wavelength

**75 of 100**

177 PU\_2015\_369\_N

The potential energy of a particle revolving about the centre of mass at a distance  $r$  from the origin is  $V$ , equal to:-

- $-Z^2e/r$
- $-Ze^2/r$
- $-Ze^2/r^3$
- $-Ze/r^2$

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160 PU\_2015\_369\_N

A weather balloon is filled with hydrogen at 1 atm pressure and at 27°C occupies the volume 12000 lit. It reaches a place with temperature -23°C and pressure at 0.5 atm, the volume of the balloon becomes.

- 12000 lit
- 1000 lit
- 24000 lit
- 20000 lit

**77 of 100**

162 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Decomposition of ethylene oxide into methane and CO is described as in the first order expression  $\log k$  ( $s^{-1}$ ) =  $14.34 - 1.25 \times 10^4 / T$  (K). Energy of activation is:-

- 2.4 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
- 240 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
- 24 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>
- 2400 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>

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168 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Sodium chloride belongs to a crystal system which has elements of symmetry:-

- nine planes, thirteen axes
- thirteen planes, nine axes

- four planes, six axes
- six planes, four axes

**79 of 100**

167 PU\_2015\_369\_N

The isotropic effect in rotational spectra brings a change in the following

- mass
- mass and moment of inertia
- moment of inertia
- mass, dipole moment and moment of inertia

**80 of 100**

173 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Adsorbed molecule on a surface forms an activated complex, this process involves:-

- increase in energy
- no change in energy
- enormous amount of heat is liberated
- decrease in energy

**81 of 100**

180 PU\_2015\_369\_N

The phase diagram of zinc-cadmium illustrates the eutectic point consists of:-

- Zn
- Zn, Cd
- Cd
- neither Zn nor Cd

**82 of 100**

191 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Estimate the normal boiling temperature of propan-1-ol,  $C_3H_7OH$ , given that its vapour pressure is 2701 Pa at 298 K and 9129 Pa at 318 K.

- 367 K
- 420 K
- 323 K
- 393 K

**83 of 100**

189 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Calculate the change in free energy in cal for a change which occurs when 2 moles of a perfect gas expands reversibly and isothermally at 37°C from an initial volume of 55 lit to 1000 lit.

- 3574 cal mol<sup>-1</sup>

- 35.74 cal mol<sup>-1</sup>
- 357.4 cal mol<sup>-1</sup>
- 3.574 cal mol<sup>-1</sup>

**84 of 100**

198 PU\_2015\_369\_N

The Lennard-Jones parameters for the interactions between benzene, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, molecules are  $\epsilon = 454$  kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> and  $\sigma = 527$  pm. Calculate the separation that corresponds to the minimum in the Lennard-Jones potential.

- 592 pm
- 527 pm
- 745 pm
- 1054 pm

**85 of 100**

187 PU\_2015\_369\_N

The  $C_v$  for uranium metal is 3.04 JK<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup> at 20K. Calculate the absolute entropy of the metal.

- 10.1 JK<sup>-1</sup>
- 1.01 JK<sup>-1</sup>
- 0.101 JK<sup>-1</sup>
- 101 JK<sup>-1</sup>

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181 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Debye-Huckel theory explains the relaxation time is the time required:-

- new ionic atmosphere to build up
- new ionic atmosphere to build up and grows
- old atmosphere to decay
- new ionic atmosphere to build up and old atmosphere to decay

**87 of 100**

194 PU\_2015\_369\_N

The magnetic susceptibilities of some metals at 298 K are given below. Which of the compounds is paramagnetic? Sodium  $\chi = +7.3 \times 10^{-6}$ , Aluminium  $\chi = +22 \times 10^{-6}$ , Copper  $\chi = -96 \times 10^{-6}$ , Platinum  $\chi = +262 \times 10^{-6}$

- Copper and Platinum
- Copper
- Sodium, Aluminium and Platinum
- Aluminium

**88 of 100**

192 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Use the radius ratio rule to predict the crystal structure of rubidium fluoride, RbF. The ionic radius of a rubidium ion,  $\text{Rb}^+$  is 149 pm and of a fluoride ion,  $\text{F}^-$ , is 133 pm

- 4-fold coordination, zinc blende
- 6-fold coordination, rock salt
- 8-fold coordination, caesium chloride
- 12-fold coordination

89 of 100

199 PU\_2015\_369\_N

What is the separation between the highest occupied and lowest unoccupied molecular orbitals of benzene?

- $2\sqrt{2} \beta$
- $\beta$
- $2\beta$
- $\sqrt{2} \beta$

90 of 100

195 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Calculate the work done when a spherical bubble of air in water expands from a radius of 1.0 to 1.5 mm. The surface tension of water is  $72.0 \text{ mN m}^{-1}$ .

- 1.4 J
- $2.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ J}$
- $1.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$
- 1.4 kJ

91 of 100

193 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Rutile, the high-temperature form of titanium oxide,  $\text{TiO}_2$ , adopts a tetragonal P structure with  $a = 4.59 \text{ \AA}$  and  $c = 2.96 \text{ \AA}$ . Calculate the separation between the planes with the Miller indices (111).

- $7.13 \text{ \AA}$
- $2.26 \text{ \AA}$
- $2.19 \text{ \AA}$
- $5.27 \text{ \AA}$

92 of 100

186 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Calculate the temperature of a reaction in which half life is 2 min,  $A$  is  $5000 \times 10^{10} \text{ s}^{-1}$  and  $E_a = 10^5 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$

- 32.77 K
- 327.7 K
- 3277 K

3.277 K

**93 of 100**

190 PU\_2015\_369\_N

For the equilibrium  $\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{CaO}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$  how many phases are present?

- 5
- 2
- 1
- 3

**94 of 100**

182 PU\_2015\_369\_N

A collection of large number of essentially independent assemblies each of which possess the same energy  $E$ , volume  $V$ , and the number of systems  $N$  is known as:-

- Canonical ensemble
- Uniform ensemble
- Micro canonical ensemble
- Grand canonical ensemble

**95 of 100**

196 PU\_2015\_369\_N

How are liquid crystals in which the molecules are arranged in a nearly parallel alignment, but which do not form layers, best described?

- Nematic
- Smectic
- Cholesteric
- Isotropic

**96 of 100**

185 PU\_2015\_369\_N

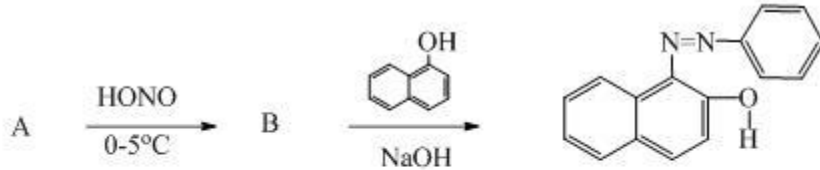
Calculate the value of  $d_{200}$  in lead. Lead has a fcc structure and  $a = 4.96 \text{ \AA}$ .

- 247.5  $\text{A}^\circ$
- 2.475  $\text{A}^\circ$
- 0.2475  $\text{A}^\circ$
- 24.75  $\text{A}^\circ$

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183 PU\_2015\_369\_N

In the following reaction:-



- i) A = Aniline, B = diazonium salt
- ii) A = Benzene, B = diazonium salt
- iii) A = diazonium salt, B = Aniline
- iv) A = Naphthalene, B = diazonium salt

- (i)
- (iii)
- (iv)
- (ii)

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184 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Measurement of  $E^\circ$  enables for the calculation of equilibrium constant using the formula:-

- $\ln K_{eq} = nE^\circ/FRT$
- $\ln K_{eq} = nFE^\circ T/R$
- $\ln K_{eq} = nRFE^\circ/T$
- $\ln K_{eq} = nFE^\circ/RT$

#### 99 of 100

197 PU\_2015\_369\_N

Measurements made using neutron scattering show the radius of gyration of a monodisperse sample of polystyrene to be 3.4 nm. The length of an individual monomer unit is known to be 154 pm. Determine the number of monomer units in each chain.

- 17600
- 28
- 132
- 3000

#### 100 of 100

188 PU\_2015\_369\_N

For an ideal gas, the internal energy of a system is a function of temperature and volume, thus,  $C_P - C_V$  is:-

- $[(\delta E/\delta V)_T + P](\delta P/\delta T)_V$
- $[(\delta E/\delta V)_T + P](\delta V/\delta T)_P$
- $[(\delta E/\delta V)_V + P](\delta P/\delta T)_P$

$$\bullet \quad [(\delta E / \delta V)_P + P](\delta V / \delta T)_P]$$