Sr. No.	Client Question ID	Question Body and Alternatives	Marks	Negative Marks
Object	tive Question			
1	1	The Slaked lime used for white Washing walls is:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Calcium Carbonate (CaCO ₃):		
		A2 Calcium hydroxide (CaOH ₂)		
		A3 Calcium Oxide (CaO)		
		A4 HCO ₃		
Obi4	tive Question			
2	2	When Acid reacts with metal, the gas released is:	4.0	1.00
		A1 O ₂		
		A2 H		
		A3 CO ₂ :		
		A4 CO :		
Object	tive Question			
3	3	The pH of blood is:	4.0	1.00
		A1 6.2		
		A2 8.1		
		A3 7.4 :		
		A4 6.5		
Object	tive Question			
4	4	The Atmosphere of Venus is made up of:	4.0	1.00
		A1 HCL		

	A2 H ₂ SO ₄		
	A3 O ₃		
	A4 N ₂ :		
Objective	Question		
5 5		4.0	1.00
	A1 6.5		
	A2 6 :		
	A3 5.5 :		
	A4 ₇		
Objective	Question		
6 6		4.0	1.00
	A1 Methanoic Acid		
	A2 Oxalic Acid		
	A3 Citric Acid:		
	A4 Acetic Acid		
Objective	Question		
7 7	The composition of bleaching powder is	4.0	1.00
	Al NaHCO ₃		
	A2 Na ₂ CO ₃		
	A3 CaOCl ₂ :		
	A4 NaCl		
	Question		
Objective 8	The Only non-metal which is in liquid form is:	4.0	1.00

		A2 Iodine		
		A3 Bromine		
		A4 Hydrogen		
Object	tive Question			
9	9	The only metal which is liquid form is:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Mercury		
		A2 Sodium		
		A3 Gallium		
		A4 Cesium		
Object	tive Question			
10	10	Which metal of the following will melt upon keeping it in Palm:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Sodium :		
		A2 Hydrogen		
		A3 Cesium :		
		A4 Lithium		
Object	tive Question			
11	11	Which of the following metal is kept under Kerosene oil to avoid catching fire:	4.0	1.00
		Al CO ₂ :		
		A2 CO		
		A3 Na :		
		A4 Mg		
Object	tive Question			
12	12	Which of the following metal is less reactive:	4.0	1.00

	A4 Nickel		
	A3 Zinc		
	A2 Tin		
	Al Lead :		
Objective Question 5 15	Galvanization of Iron to avoid rusting is done by coating:	4.0	1.00
	A4 Lead and Tin		
	A3 Copper and Lead:		
	A2 Copper and Tin		
	A1 Copper and Zink		
bjective Question	Bronze is an alloy of:	4.0	1.00
	A4 C		
	A3 N ₂		
	A2 H ₂		
	A1 O2		
Objective Question 3 13	The most abundant element on the earth's crust is:	4.0	1.00
	A4 Pb		
	A3 Fe		
	A2 Zn		
	Al K		

Objective Que	The hardest substance is:	4.0	1.00
-"	The nardest substance is.		
	A 1		
	Al Gold		
	A2		
	A2 Platinum		
	A3 p		
	A3 Diamond		
	A4 Copper		
	: Copper		
Objective Que	tion		
17 17	Isotope have :	4.0	1.00
	A1 Different mass number, same Atomic Mass		
	:		
	A2 Different Atomic mass, same mass number		
	A3 Same Atomic number and Atomic mass		
	A4 None of these		
21: :: 2	<u> </u>		
Objective Que		4.0	1.00
18	In Atmosphere, the presence of Di-oxygen is:	4.0	1.00
	A1 30%		
	A2 40%		
	A2 40%		
	A2 40%		
	A2 40% : A3 50%		
	A2 40%		
	A2 40% : A3 50%		
Dbjective Quo	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20%		
Objective Que	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20%	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% : A3 50% : A4 20% : tion	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20% The Radioactive Isotope of Hydrogen is:	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% : A3 50% : A4 20% : tion	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20% The Radioactive Isotope of Hydrogen is: A1 Protium	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20% The Radioactive Isotope of Hydrogen is: A1 Protium	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20% The Radioactive Isotope of Hydrogen is:	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20% The Radioactive Isotope of Hydrogen is: A1 Protium	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20% The Radioactive Isotope of Hydrogen is: A1 Protium A2 Deuterium	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20% The Radioactive Isotope of Hydrogen is: A1 Protium	4.0	1.00
	A2 40% A3 50% A4 20% The Radioactive Isotope of Hydrogen is: A1 Protium A2 Deuterium	4.0	1.00

		:		
Objec	tive Question			
20	20	Water gas is:	4.0	1.00
		A1 CO + H ₂		
		$ \stackrel{\text{A2}}{:} \text{H}_2^+ \text{CO}_2 $		
		A3 CH ₄ + H ₂ O		
		A4 SO ₂ +O ₂		
	tive Question			
21	21	The percentage of availability of ground water on Earth Crust:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Less than 2%		
		: Less than 270		
		A2 1 20/		
		A2 Less than 3%		
		A3		
		A3 Less than 1%		
		A4		
		A4 Less than 10%		
Ohiec	tive Question			
22	22	Permanent Hardness of Water can be removed by :	4.0	1.00
		A1 Clarkes method		
		A2 Boiling		
		A3 Treating with Washing Soda (NaCO ₃)		
		·		
		A4 Adding Bleaching Powder		
		·		
	tive Question			
23	23	The Energy released by combustion of various fuels by volume (per liter) is more for:	4.0	1.00
		Al LPG		
		A1 LPG		
		A2 CU		
		A2 CH ₄ gas		
		A3 Octane in liquid state		

	A4 Di Hydrogen in liquid state		
Objective Question			
24 24	In fire extinguisher, Which of the following is used:	4.0	1.00
	A1 Sodium Carbonate (Na ₂ CO ₃ 10H ₂ O)		
	A2 Sodium Hydroxide (NaOH)		
	A3 NaCl		
	A4 Sodium Hydrogen Carbonate (NaHCO ₃):		
Objective Question			
25 25	Which mineral is used for softening Hard Water:	4.0	1.00
	A1 Silicates		
	A2 Zeolites		
	A3 Feldspar		
	A4 Feldsperoids		
Objective Question			
26 26	Which of the following has the unique property of Catenation:	4.0	1.00
	A1 Nitrogen		
	A2 Hydrogen		
	A3 Carbon		
	A4 Potassium		
Objective Question			
27 27	Same molecular formula but different properties is known as:	4.0	1.00
	A1 Isotones		
	A2 Isotopes		

		A3 Isomerism		
		A4 Isohyets		
Objec 28	ctive Question		4.0	1.00
28	28	Petroleum is obtained by:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Sublimation :		
		A2 Crystallization		
		A3 Steam distillation		
		A4 Fractional distillation		
Obi-	ctive Question			
Ођес 29	29	Which of the following is Carcinogenic:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Acetylene :		
		A2 Propane		
		A3 Methane		
		A4 Benzene :		
Objec	ctive Question			
30	30	The Ozone layer occurs in troposphere at a height of:	4.0	1.00
		A1 5-6 Km		
		A2 10-50 Km		
		A3 50-80 Km		
		A4 80-100 Km :		
	ctive Question			
31	31	The major Carbon Sink is:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Troposphere		
		A2 Desert		

II		II	11 11
	A3 Ocean		
	A4 Hill :		
Objective Question 32 32	Which of the following is not a greenhouse gas:	4.0	1.00
	Al CO ₂		
	A2 CH ₂ :		
	A3 Water vapour :		
	A4 SO ₂		
Objective Question			
33 33	The Acid Rain happens when rain water pH drops below:	4.0	1.00
	A1 5.6		
	A2 6.2		
	A3 4.5		
	A4 3.5		
Objective Question			
34 34	Highly polluted water contains BOD value more than:	4.0	1.00
	Al 5 ppm		
	A2 10 ppm		
	A3 17 ppm		
	A4 2 ppm		
Objective Question			
35 35	The growth of fish gets inhibited, when the concentration of dissolved oxygen of water is below	4.0	1.00

		A2 6 ppm		
		A3 15 ppm		
		A4 20 ppm		
Object	tive Question			
36	36	Blue baby syndrome is caused when the concentration of nitrate in drinking water is more than:	4.0	1.00
		A1 200 ppm		
		A2 150 ppm		
		A3 50 ppm		
		A4 100 ppm		
Object	tive Question			
37	37	Brow molting of teeth occurs when the F- ions concentration is:	4.0	1.00
		Al Less than 1 ppm		
		A2 More than 2 ppm		
		A3 More than 1 ppm		
		A4 Above 5 ppm:		
	tive Question			
38	38	Charged particles when accelerated emits EM radiations. This was pronounced by:	4.0	1.00
		Al Newton		
		A2 Einstein :		
		A3 Maxwell		
		A4 Edison		
	tive Question			
Ohion	LIVE CALESTION			

		$ \begin{array}{c c} A1 & 1x10^{-3} - 1x10^{-1} \\ \vdots & & \end{array} $		
		$ \stackrel{A2}{:} 7x10^{-7} - 1x10^{-3} $		
		$ \begin{array}{c} A3 \\ \vdots \\ 4x10^{-7} - 7x10^{-7} \end{array} $		
		$ \begin{array}{c} A4 \\ \vdots \\ 1x10^{-8} - 4x10^{-7} \end{array} $		
Object	tive Question			
40	40	Isochoric graph is drawn for:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Pressure Vs Temperature		
		A2 Temperature Vs Volume		
		A3 Pressure Vs Volume		
		A4 Volume Vs Density		
Object	tive Question			
41	41	The Antibiotic Chloramphenicol cures:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Malaria :		
		A2 Typhoid fever		
		A3 Jaundice		
		A4 Dysentery:		
Object	tive Question			
42	42	Carbon tetra chloride causes :	4.0	1.00
		A1 Arthritis		
		A2 Cataract :		
		A3 Liver Cancer:		
		A4 Hypermetropia :		
Object	tive Question			

3 43	How much percentage of formaldehyde (formalin) solution is used for preservation of biological specimens:	4.0	1.00
	A1 60%		
	A2 80%		
	A3 40%		
	A4 _{20%}		
Objective Qu	nation		
44 44	Glycogen is a:	4.0	1.00
	A1 Vitamin		
	A2 Mineral		
	A3 Carbohydrate :		
	A4 Amino acid		
Objective Qu	estion		
45 45	Protein is a:	4.0	1.00
	Al Poly peptide		
	A2 Glycogen		
	A3 Cellulose		
	A4 Mineral		
	<u>. </u>		
Objective Qu 46 46	In milk, the following vitamins are present:	4.0	1.00
	A1 B, B2, B5, B6, Vitamin A		
	A2 B2, B6, B12, D		
	A3 A, B12, D, B5		
	A4 Vitamin A		

Objec	tive Question			
47	47	Vulcanization of rubber is carried out by using:	4.0	1.00
		A1 5% of Carbon		
		A2 5 % of Hydrogen		
		A3 5% of Sulphur		
		A4 5% of Chlorine		
Objec	tive Question			
48	48	The chemical histamine is responsible for:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Fever:		
		A2 Common Cold and Nasal conjunction		
		A3 Cough:		
		A4 Skin Allergy		
Objec 49	tive Question	Which of the following is a lifesaving drug in the prevention of Heart Attacks:	4.0	1.00
.,		which of the following is a mesaving drug in the prevention of reart Attacks:		1.00
		A1 Equanil		
		A2 Veronal		
		A3 Aspirin		
		A4 Ranitidine		
Obiec	etive Question			
50	50	Which of the following has more sweetness value:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Aspartame		
		A2 Saccharine		

	A4 Alitame		
Objective Ques	stion		
51 51	Which of the following is used as rat poison:	4.0	1.00
	A1 Sodium chloride		
	A2 Sodium fluoride		
	A3 Sodium hydroxide		
	A4 Sodium acetate		
Objective Ques	stion		
52 52	In Scuba divers tank, which of the following is not filled:	4.0	1.00
	A1 Hydrogen		
	A2 Helium		
	A3 Oxygen		
	A4 Nitrogen		
Objective Ques	stion		
53 53	Gold crystallizes in :	4.0	1.00
	A1 Tetragonal system		
	A2 Hexagonal System		
	A3 Cubic system :		
	A4 Triclinic system		
Objective Ques	stion		
54 54	The electrical conductivity is more for	4.0	1.00
	Al Silver		
	A2 Copper:		
	A3 Aluminum		

	:		
	A4 Sodium :		
Objective Quest	ion		
55 55	Stomach Produces the following enzyme:	4.0	0
	A1 Pepsin		
	A2 Zymase		
	A3 Invertase		
	A4 Urease :		
Objective Quest	ion		
56 56	Fog, mist and cloud is colloid of:	4.0	0
	A1 Solid in solid :		
	A2 Gas in Liquid:		
	A3 Gas in Solid		
	A4 Liquid in Gas		
Objective Quest	ion		
57 57	Which of the following is deflected by electric field:	4.0 1.0	0
	A1 X rays		
	A2 Beta rays		
	A3 Neutrons		
	A4 Alpha rays		
Objective Quest	ion		
58 58	Which of the following is the anti-fertility drug:	4.0 1.0	0
	Al Ampicillin		
	A2 Vancomycin		

		A3 Dysidazrine		
		A4 Novestrol		
	ctive Question			
59	59	Earthquake mostly occur at	4.0	1.00
		Al Low lying areas		
		A2 Uplands		
		A3 Plateau		
		A4 Plate margins:		
Object	ctive Question			
	60	Climate is a phenomenon of	4.0	1.00
		A1 Shorter period :		
		A2 Longer period		
		A3 Glacial period :		
		A4 Ancient period :		
∩hiec¹	ctive Question			
61	61	The deflection of ocean currents in the northern and southern hemispheres is due to	4.0	1.00
		A1 thermohaline circulation		
		A2 Coriolis effect		
		A3 El Nino effect		
		A4 monsoon effect		
Object	ctive Question			
Овјесі 62	62	The most suitable radioactive method for dating Holocene events is	4.0	1.00
		A1 U~Pb		

		A2 Sm~Nd:		
		A3 Rb~Sr		
		A4 C-14		
	etive Question			
63	63	A metal present in insulin is	4.0	1.00
		A1 Copper:		
		A2 Iron		
		A3 Zinc		
		A4 Aluminium		
	tive Question			
64	64	The place of origin of earthquake is known as	4.0	1.00
		Al Focus		
		A2 Epicentre		
		A3 Centre		
		A4 Latitude		
Ohiect	etive Question			
	65	2004 Great Sumatra-Andaman earthquake is due to	4.0	1.00
		Al Normal fault		
		A2 Reverse (Thrust) fault		
		A3 Strikeslip fault		
		A4 Listric fault		
Object	tive Question			
66	66	The upper crust is mostly	4.0	1.00
		A1 Rigid		

	II		II.	II
		A2 Plastic		
		A3 Elastic-brittle		
		A4 Elastic-ductile		
	tive Question		1.0	1.00
67	67	Which of the following rock is different from the remaining three on the basis of its mode of origin?	4.0	1.00
		A1 Limestone		
		A2 Sandstone		
		A3 Shale		
		A4 Marble		
	tive Question			
68	68	A large movement of water in one direction is called	4.0	1.00
		A1 Amplitude		
		A2 Dispersion		
		A3 Current		
		A4 Oscillations		
	tive Question			
69	69	The only volcanic island of India is	4.0	1.00
		A1 Minicoy		
		A2 Kavaratti		
		A3 Barren		
		A4 Androth		
	tive Question			
70	70	The property of Total Internal Reflection can be seen in	4.0	1.00

	II			
		A1 Diamond		
		A2 Gold		
		A3 Silver		
		A4 Iron		
Objec	tive Question			
71	71	Plate tectonic concepts demonstrates that Indian plate is moving towards	4.0	1.00
		A1 East :		
		A2 South		
		A3 West		
		A4 North		
72	tive Question		4.0	1.00
1/2	1/2	Ozone layer is located at	4.0	1.00
		A1 20-50 km		
		A2 150-160 km		
		A2 150-160 km		
Okia	tivo Overtica	A2 150-160 km : A3 180-200 km		
Objec 73	tive Question	A2 150-160 km : A3 180-200 km	4.0	1.00
		A2 150-160 km A3 180-200 km A4 500 km	4.0	1.00
		A2 150-160 km A3 180-200 km A4 500 km Change in position is called	4.0	1.00
		A2 150-160 km A3 180-200 km A4 500 km Change in position is called A1 Translation	4.0	1.00
		A2 150-160 km A3 180-200 km A4 500 km Change in position is called A1 Translation A2 Rotation	4.0	1.00

74	ive Question 74	This of the following does not form a good aquifer:	4.0	1.00
		A1 Jointed basalt		
		A2		
		A2 Massive granite		
		A3 Tills		
		A4 a t		
		A4 Sandstone		
	ive Question		4.0	1.00
/5	75	Resisting a change in motion is called	4.0	1.00
		A1 Revolution		
		Al Revolution		
		A2 Inertia		
		A3 p		
		A3 Rotation :		
		A4 Acceleration		
Object	ive Question			
76	76	Curd contains	4.0	1.00
		Al Citric acid		
		A2 Oxalic acid		
		Chaire actu		
		A3 Formic acid		
		A4 Lactic acid		
Ob:4	i Oeti			
	ive Question	Combustion is a	4.0	1.00
		Comoustion is a		
		A1 Physical process		
		i i i joicul process		
		A2		
		A2 Chemical process		
		A3 Ionic process		
		A4 Magnetic process		

		:		
.1 .				
	tive Question			
8	78	The envelope of air is known as	4.0	1.00
		A1 Hydrosphere		
		: "Tymosphere"		
		A2 Atmosphere		
		Authosphere		
		A3 Oceanosphere		
		: Oceanosphere		
		A4 Lithosphere		
		: Littiosphere		
Object	tive Question			
9	79	The age of the earth is	4.0	1.00
		A1		
		A1 4.5 billion years		
		A2		
		A2 7.5 billion years		
		42		
		A3 10.5 billion years		
		A4 2 million years		
. 1.1				
	tive Question			
		le	1.0	1.00
30	80	Human cannot hear sound less than	4.0	1.00
iυ			4.0	1.00
υ		A1 1000 Hz	4.0	1.00
υ		Human cannot hear sound less than A1 1000 Hz	4.0	1.00
ou		A1 1000 Hz	4.0	1.00
υ		A1 1000 Hz	4.0	1.00
υ		A1 1000 Hz	4.0	1.00
ou		A1 1000 Hz: A2 20 Hz:	4.0	1.00
ou		A1 1000 Hz: A2 20 Hz:	4.0	1.00
ou		A1 1000 Hz	4.0	1.00
ou		A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz	4.0	1.00
V		A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz	4.0	1.00
v		A1 1000 Hz: A2 20 Hz:	4.0	1.00
	80	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz	4.0	1.00
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz		
	80	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz	4.0	1.00
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz		
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz The periodic table is arranged according to		
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz		
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz The periodic table is arranged according to		
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz The periodic table is arranged according to A1 Atomic weight		
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz The periodic table is arranged according to		
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz The periodic table is arranged according to A1 Atomic weight A2 Atomic number		
Dbject	80 tive Question	A1 1000 Hz A2 20 Hz A3 300 Hz A4 500 Hz The periodic table is arranged according to A1 Atomic weight		

	A4 Abundance elements		
Objective Question			
82 82	Mirage is caused due to	4.0	1.00
	A1 Distance		
	A2 Air		
	A3 Atmospheric refraction of hot air		
	A4 Atmospheric reflection of hot air		
Objective Question			
83 83	Highest rainfall is recorded at	4.0	1.00
	A1 Andaman		
	A2 Kerala		
	A3 Meghalaya		
	A4 Assam		
Olivetive Operation			
Objective Question 84 84	Acid rain occurs when	4.0	1.00
	A1 SO ₂ combines with moisture vapour		
	A2 CO2 combines with moisture		
	A3 Hydrogen combines with water		
	A4 Ammonia combines with water		
Objective Question			
85 85	Aeroplane fly in the	4.0	1.00
	A1 Mesosphere		
	A2 Exosphere		

ļ		A3 Ozone layer :		
		A4 stratosphere		
Object	etive Question			
	86	This is an ore of gold.	4.0	1.00
		A1 Cassiterite		
		A2 Chinnabar		
		A3 Calaverite		
		A4 Sphalerite		
Object	etive Question			
	87	Isotopes contain	4.0	1.00
		A1 Same number of protons with different number of electrons		
		A2 Same number of neutrons but different number of protons		
		A3 Same number of electrons but different protons:		
		A4 Same number of protons but different number of neutrons:		
	tive Question			
88	88	Which one of the following have charge	4.0	1.00
		Al Proton only		
		A2 Neutrons only		
		A3 Electrons only		
		A4 Protons and Electrons		
	tive Question			
89	89	Aqua Regia is a mixture of	4.0	1.00
		A1 Nitrous oxide and HCL		
		A2 HNO ₃ & HCL		

	"			
		A3 HCL & CO ₂		
		A4 O ₂ & H ₂ SO ₄		
hiect	tive Question			
	90	Air pollution causes	4.0	1.00
		A1 Cancer		
		A2 Astma		
		A3 Fever:		
		A4 Hearing problem		
	tive Question			
	91	The high quality of coal is	4.0	1.00
		Al _{Peat} :		
		A2 Anthracite		
		A3 Bituminous :		
		A4 Lignite :		
Object	tive Question			
	92	Rain bearing clouds are	4.0	1.00
		A1 Stratus		
		A2 Nimbus		
		A3 Cumulonimbus		
		A4 Cirrus		
	tive Question			
	93	The country that has the greatest length of the day during summer is Al Australia	4.0	1.00
		d		

		A2 Mexico		
		: Mexico		
		A3 Nigeria :		
		A4 Norway		
Shier	ctive Question			
94	94	Ozone layer filter is	4.0	1.00
		Al Visible ray		
		A2 X ray :		
		A3 UV ray		
		A4 Infrared ray		
Objec	ctive Question			
95	95	Black smoker emits in the sea	4.0	1.00
		Al Oxygen:		
		A2 Sulphides		
		A3 CO2		
		A4 Methane		
Objec	ctive Question			
96	96	Landslide occurs due to	4.0	1.00
		A1 Heap of sediments		
		A2 Stable slope		
		A3 Unstable slope, heavy rain and gravity		
		A4 Gravity:		
Ohie	ctive Question			
97	97	Capacitors store	4.0	1.00

		A1 Potential :						
		A2 Electric charge						
		A3 Voltage						
		A4 Static current:						
Objective Question								
98	98	The phenomenon of unstable atom changing into stable atom by giving of radiation is called	4.0	1.00				
		A1 Radioactivity						
		A2 Emission						
		A3 : Bombardment						
		A4 Thermal radiation						
Objective Question								
99	99	MCB is used to	4.0	1.00				
		A1 : Break the circuit when current exceeds the safe limit						
		A2 Amplify current:						
		A3 Reduce the current:						
		A4 Maintain the current :						
Objec	Objective Question							
100	100	Which of the following is not a direct greenhouse gas	4.0	1.00				
		A1 SO ₂						
		A2 Methane						
		A3 : Water vapour						
		A4 Nitrous oxide (N ₂ O)						